IRA bomb kills Belfast policeman

BELFAST, Northern Ireland (AP) - The Irish Republican Army (IRA) said Saturday it carried out a bombing that killed a part-time policeman in the first fatal guerrilla attack in Northern Ireland this year. Police said a police reservist, Ivan Crawford, 49, died Friday night in Enniskillen, about 110 kilometres west of Belfast, after a bomb exploded in a trash can as he walked by. A second policeman, standing on the opposite side of the street, was slightly hart. The IRA claimed responsibility for the attack in a statement issued to news organisations. The group is fighting to drive the British from Northern Ireland and unite the Protestant-dominated province with the overwhelmingly Roman Catholic Irish Republic. A press officer at Belfast Police Headquarters said the Enniskillen bomb was placed in a trash can and detonated by remote control as the officer, who was on patrol with a colleague in the town centre, passed by.



Nakasone leaves for Europe

TOKYO (AP) - Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone left for Finland and three Eastern European countries Saturday for a week-long visit aimed at deepening bilateral ties and improving East-West dialogue. The premier's trip is the first official visit ever by a Japanese prime minister to East Germany, Yugoslavia, and Poland. Former Prime Minister Masayoshi Ohira went to Yugoslavia in 1980 for the funeral of President Josip Broz Tito. Mr. Nakasone will meet on Sunday with Finnish Prime Minister Kalevi Sorsa and on Monday with President Mauno Koivisto. After travelling to East Berlin Monday afternoon, Mr. Nakasone is scheduled to hold talks Tuesday with Chairman of the Council of State Erich Honecker and then depart on Wednesday for Belgrade for talks with Yugoslav officials. The prime minister will leave Thursday afternoon for Warsaw on the last leg of his trip

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China, Soviets discuss Mideast

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet Union and China held consultations on the Middle East in Peking on Friday and Saturday, the official Soviet News Agency TASS reported. It said the talks covered the question of a settlement in the region, but gave no details of their content. TASS said the consultations were led by Vladimir Polyakov, head of the Soviet Foreign Ministry's Near Eastern .Department, and Zhu Yinglu, who directs the West Asia and North Africa Department of the Chinese Foreign Ministry.

Egyptian minister flies to Iraq

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CAIRO (R) — Egyptian Interior Minister Zaki Badr flew to Iraq Saturday on a four-day official visit during which he will meet President Saddam Hussein. An Interior Ministry spokesman said Mr. Badr's talks would centre on issues relating to Egyptian workers in Iraq. Mr. Badr told reporters he will deliver a verbal message from Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak to President

9 killed by Thai grenade blast

BANGKOK (R) - Nine people, including four children, were killed when a hand grenade exploded during an open-air movie at a Buddhist temple in Bangkok, police said Saturday. Hospitals treated 18 people for shrapnel wounds. Police said the explosion occurred when an unidentified man dropped the grenade, apparently by accident, as he walked through the

Nicaraguan train wreck claims 10 lives

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (AP) -A passenger train jumped the rails near the southern city of Masaya early Saturday, killing at least 10-people and injuring 35, officials said. Sergio Aguirre, manager of the state-owned railways, said in a telephone interview the accident occurred just west of Masaya, 35 kilometres south of Managua.

Shultz urges peaceful end to apartheid

NAIROBI, Kenya (AP) — U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz called on the South African government Saturday to take three specific steps toward speeding the peaceful end to apartheid. At a news conference in Nairobi, Mr. Shultzurged South Africa to lift the ban on outlawed political parties, release anti-apartieid leader Nelson Mandela and open negotiations with all relevant political groups in the country.

Pell heads U.S. Senate committee

WASHINGTON (USIA) -Claiborne Pell will be chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee in the Democratic-controlled Senate of the 100th Congress. Pell served as ranking Democrat when Republicans constituted a majority and controlled key Senate posts.

INSIDE

- Pentagon reports 25,000 Iranian casualties in Christmas attack, page 2 Greater Amman Council holds first meeting, page
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- page 7 Ortega suspends part of newly signed constitution, page 8

Iraq reports gaining upper

hand in latest Iranian attack BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq said Saturday its forces hold the initiative in southern war

front fighting with full control of a battle

against invading Iranian troops. A High Command Communique said Iraqiforces had a commander in Iraq's Third Army Corps defending Basra.
Iraqi warplanes and helicopter absorbed all Iranian attacks launched from footholds gained

earlier in an area about 10 kilometres east of Basra. "All enemy groups sent to approach our positions have been wiped out and our forces started purging the footholds, supported

by heavy fire," the communique A field commander earlier said an Iraqi armoured division attacked positions taken by the

He reported fierce fighting on the eastern bank of fish lake after the invaders had been cleared

from its western bank. Thousands of Iranian troops

since June, 1985. He said Iraqi warplanes raided Qom, Esfahan and Dezful Friday

littered the lake and its banks, said

gunships flew sorties from first

light in support of the counterattack. Two Iranian F-5

Phantom jets were shot down in

dog fights over the battle zone. a

The spokesman also said

military spokesman said.

night, but gave no details on results of the Iraqi strikes. Baghdad has said it will annihilate whole Iranian cities if

It reported that 16 civilians were killed and 64 injured in an Iranian

bombardment of the city Friday. The Iraqis say the Iranian offensive, the second on the southern front of the Iran-Iraq war in less than three weeks, is aimed at isolating Basra, occupying it and establishing a

uppet regime there. In another development, Iraq said its warplanes attacked a "large naval target," a term used by Baghdad for an oil tanker or

Gulf Saturday.

It was the second raid reported by Iraq on shipping in the Gulf in three days. There has been no confirmation from independent shipping sources in the region.

The military spokesman denied reports from Tehran that 18 Iraqi warplanes had been shot down by Iranian anti-aircraft defences since Iran launched its ground offensive early on Friday.

(Continued on page 3)

U.S. supplied intelligence data to Iran

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - The U.S. supplied intelligence data about Iraq to Iran at the same time it was selling weapons to Tehran, according to a U.S. Senate Intelligence Committee report quoted by the New York Times.

The item, which was carried by the newspaper on Thursday made a new disclosure to previous reports that Washington gave Iraq information about Iran, partly to offset any advantage the weapons might have given Iran in its long and bloody war with

Iraq.
The Senate's report was carried by the National Broadcasting Corporation (NBC) and the New York Times' story confirmed the main points of the corporation's account but made this new

had been killed and their corpses Kuwait resolute on hosting **OIC** summit United Arab Emirates - have

made known its determination to host an Islamic summit scheduled for Jan. 26-28 despite Iranian moves to have the venue switched. and still hopes Tehran will attend.

Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah Saturday told reporters Mr. Sharifuddin Pirzadah, secretary general of the 46-member Organisation of travel to Kuwait next Tuesday to discuss arrangements for the

He confirmed Kuwait had contacted the OIC with a reply to a formal request by Tehran to have the summit site changed, but gave no details.

Officials Saturday pressed ahead with preparations at a sumptuous 100 million dinar (\$340 million) conference centre built specially for the summit several kilometres south of the desert state's capital.

The Kuwait News Agency KUNA reported Friday night that a message to the OIC "made it clear that Kuwait hopes and welcomes Iran's participation in the fifth Islamic summit conference, which will be held in

Kuwait." Kuwait has pinned its hopes on

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait has mitiative on the Iran-Iraq war.

Al Rai Al Aam newspaper, referring to a spate of Gulf shipping attacks blamed on Iran

The emir, Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed Al Sabah, Saturday received a special envoy carrying a received a special envoy carrying a message from Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi, and another from Saudi Arabia's King Fahd. Details were not disclosed.

away from the summit.

seriously reconsidering his ties and certa with Iran because of its arms interest." dealings with the United States.

the summit to yield a new Islamic Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and the leaders to attend also.

JOHANNESBURG (Agencies)

— A South African gold mining company said Saturday eight black workers were killed in clashes overnight at one of its grenade was thrown into a patrol mines and the government car in the township of Guguletu announced that a white policeman near Cape Town. died in a grenade attack in a black townshin.

miners were killed and 53 injured when fighting broke out among workers at the Beatrix Mine in Orange Free State province. It said the cause of this latest

clash in the mining industry were hundreds of black miners have died in fighting in the past year, mainly as a result of violence among tribal factions.

thousands of blacks, account for minutes the store was packed half of its foreign currency again."

now in its seventh year.

and singling out vessels using Kuwaiti ports, warned events could slip beyond control.

"Such irresponsible acts could produce uncontrolled results and might furnish the big countries with justification to interfere and build up (militarily) under the pretext of protection and deterrence...," it said.

powers Libya and Syria, who support Iran in the war, would stay reported Saturday.

Sandi Arabia and Kuwait's Kuwait and diplomats in other allies in the Gulf Islamabad said Mr. Yaqub Khan Cooperation Council (GCC) — was expected to press Iranian

black miners killed in S.Africa

The government's Bureau For Information said a 20-year-old white constable died and two colleagues were injured when a

The unnamed policeman was the sixth white officer killed in A General Union Mining almost three years of political Corporation spokesman said eight violence. Fifty-two black policemen have died in the same

In Johannesburg Saturday, hundreds of shoppers, apparently alarmed by a hoax bomb alert, ran out of a downtown department not immediately clear but store damaged by a bomb explosion Friday.

"Suddenly there was a panic and everyone just dropped their things and raced out," said a South Africa's gold mines, journalist who did not wish to be which employ hundreds of identified. "After about 15

pledged to attend the summit. Sheikh Sabah said after talks this week with his GCC counterparts that members would start contacts with other Islamic nations "to guarantee the success of the conference."

Sudanese leader Ahmad Ali Al Mirghani was quoted by Kuwait's Al Anba newspaper Saturday as saying he would attend. The Islamic and Arab World attach great hopes to the summit to end their disputes and achieve Islamic

solidarity." be said. The conference, he added, was nce to pave the way for an Arab summit, long-delayed by rifts in the Arab World.

Meanwhile Pakistani Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan Diplomats have speculated that leaders of the hardline Arab Iranian officials ahead of the Islamic summit, Tehran Radio

Mr. Yaqub Khan told the radio But a local newspaper reported he hoped to discuss "subjects this week that Col. Qadhafi was related to Afghanistan, the OIC and certain issues of mutual

Pakistan has said it will go to Kuwait and diplomats in

8:30 a.m. (0630 GMT), he said. A smaller OK Bazaars supermarket a few blocks away was cordoned off by police but it was not known if the police action was related to the bomb scare. Store Director Allan Gabig said

the Saturday morning scare apparently spread by word-of-mouth. Management had not ordered an evacuation as it did Friday when a guard noticed the plastic bag that contained two

Customers and employees were evacuated Friday and no one was injured in the explosions which occurred as the bomb squad

The government said both bombs were Soviet-made devices of the type used by the African National Congress, the largest guerrilla group fighting to overthrow the white-led South The scare occurred at about African government.

Filipino military probes report of Ver's part in arms supply to Iran

MANILA, Philippines (AP) — U.S.-backed coup against of U.S. President Ronald Reagan Armed Forces Chief Gen. Fidel President Corazon Aquino. in a bid to return to the Ramos said Saturday he was

investigation was meant to officials."
determine if other officers besides They former Chief of Staff Gen. Fabian Ver were involved.

Gen. Ramos made the statements in reply to questions at a news conference called to deny allegations appearing in the local press that he and other military trying to use the information as officials were planning a leverage with the administration

In reports on Thursday and investigating reports that his Friday, Manila newspapers predecessor was involved in quoted unidentified military

helping supply U.S. arms to Iran sources as saying they had records by diverting weapons intended for the Philippines.

Gen. Ramos said the of "certain American and Israeli"

They also said that former fled to Hawaii with Gen. Ver return. following last February's "people-power revolution," had documents linking Gen. Ver to the Iran arms shipments and was

in a bid to return to the Philippines.

Friday's newspaper reports said Marcos had told U.S. officials he had documents proving Gen. Ver's involvement even before the report of U.S. arms sales to Iran became public.

Marcos has been living in Hawaii since his ouster and Mrs. President Ferdinand Marcos, who Aquino has refused to let him

At the news conference, Gen. Ramos called the coup allegations by Particlo Ng Bayan (People's Party) a "brazen, bare-faced and

(Continued on page 3)

Reagan faces new revelations on Iran

arms deal WASHINGTON (Agencies) President Reagan, recovering from prostate surgery, has returned to the White House amid a fresh series of revelations over the Iran arms scandal.

The New York Times reported Saturday that Lt.-Col. Oliver North, fired from the National Security Council (NSC) last November, had coordinated arms shipments to Nicaraguan contra rebels through Portugal.

Colonel North was fired and his NSC boss Admiral John Poindexter resigned after the disclosure that proceeds from the Iran arms sales had been diverted to the contras.

The Times said the shipments through Portugal threw doubt on White House denials that it had defied a congressional ban on aid for the contras.

The Washington Post reported Saturday that the Senate Intelligence Committee had been told an envoy to the then Israeli Prime Minister Shimon Peres initiated the idea of diverting funds to the contras.

The newspaper said a secret Senate Intelligence Committee report attributed the proposal to Peres' 'special assistant for counter-terrorism, Amiran Nir. It did not suggest a motive for

the Israeli proposal and Israeli officials have denied similar allegations in the past. The reports followed the release Friday by the White House

of top secret documents in which Mr. Reagan formally approved the arms sales. Their release was intended to

bolster Mr. Reagan's assertion that the sales were part of a broad effort to develop ties with moderate political factions. But one of the documents, a

memo prepared by Col. North in January 1986, implied a link between the proposed sale of 4,000 Tow anti-tank missiles to Iran and the release of the hostages.
"...This approach through the

government of Iran may well be our only way to achieve the release of the Americas held in Beirut," it said. The memo was presented to Mr. Reagan verbally by Adm.

disarmament Poindexter at the time Mr. Reagan approved the sales. About 2,000 Tow missiles and spare parts for more than 500 Hawk anti-aircraft missiles were sent to

Meanwhile the Baltimore Sun. in a report from Washington, quoted the White House as saying details of a 1996 meeting between Vice President George Bush and Nir were deleted from the Senate Intelligence Committee's declassified draft report on the Iran-contra affair by administration officials and "in retrospect" should not have been. . Mr. Gorbachev said an occasion

Murphy in Cairo after stopover in Amman

CAIRO (Agencies) — U.S.Middle East envoy Richard Murphy flew in from Amman on Saturday for discussions aimed at assessing Arab-Israeli peace

Mr. Murphy was scheduled to meet President Hosni Mubarak on Sunday. The U.S. assistant secretary of state already has visited Jordan twice and Israel on

Earlier Saturday, a Jordanian palace spokesman said he met with King Hussein, but there was no word on the substance of the

Mr. Murphy arrived in Jordan on Friday evening after spending a day in Israel, where he met with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister

Shimon Peres. Mr. Murphy was scheduled to fly on to Cairo on Saturday afternoon, directly from Israel, but there was no immediate indication why he had come back to Jordan, where he began his tour Tuesday.

Mr. Murphy had said on his first arrival in Amman that he did not expect a breakthrough toward Arab-Israeli peace during his trip, and a Jordanian official, insisting on anonymity, said after Mr. Murphy left that there was nothing new in the envoy's talks in

After meeting with Shamir, Mr. Murphy told reporters "this was a time for continued quiet diplomacy. This is the continuation of a constant search for peace among our friends in the

Middle East." Shamir, in turn, repeated Israel's callitor Jordan.

Jordan rejects such a meeting unless it takes place in an international peace conference. Upon arrival Mr. Murphy said he would tell President Mubarak

that Washington's policy against arms supply to Iran still stands. Mr. Murphy told airport reporters he would bring up the Iran case with Egyptian officials and said: "The U.S. policy is to discourage arms transfers to than and we are pursuing it... I think our action on that speaks louder

than any words." Washington's secret arms sales to Iran was strongly criticised by

Mr. Mubarak. Mr. Murphy went into immediate talks with Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Maguid. "Our prime aim is to discuss the peace process and find out what contribution the U.S. can make

and prospects for further movements," the U.S. envoy said. gypt and Israel pledged to make 1987 a year of negotiations for peace and agreed to set up a preparatory committee for an international Middle East peace

Beirut airport reopens after 3-day disruption BEIRUT (Agencies) - Beirut and enshrined Syria's major role

A Middle East Airlines (MEA) plane with 25 passengers left for Amman at 1515 GMT and

airport sources said. "We have assurances there will be no attacks," MEA Director Selim Salam told Voice of the

aboard was sprayed with artillery shrapnel shortly after it landed

Lebanon radio said shells landed near the presidential palace in Christian east Beirut Saturday,

President Hafez Al Assad.

signed by Lebanon's three main said.

by shelling that destroyed one airliner and damaged another.

another landed without, alfied with Damascus. passengers from Damascus.

Homeland radio. Flights were first halted on Thursday after an MEA Boeing 707 was destroyed by shells. An MEA Boeing 720 with 126 people

Shelling Friday injured nine people and an airport worker, Beirut Radio said, and Voice of

injuring a guàrd. The Shi ite Muslim Amal militia that controls the airport has blamed the Christian Lebanese Forces (LF) militia for the shelling. Opposition sources said the issue was linked to the LFs wish to open their own airport at

Halat north of Beirut. Meanwhile two senior aides of President Amin Gemayel left for Damascus to carry on discussions about a possible Lebanese-Syrian

A third envoy, businessman Hani Salam, Friday began a four-state Gulf tour to back up Mr. Gemayel's attempts to improve relations with Syrian

Ties between the two leaders have been strained since last January when Mr. Gemayel declined to endorse a stop shelling the airport, harbour Damascus-backed peace plan and presidential palace, police

diminished the Falangist reopen the airport at 4 p.m. (1400 president's powers in the interests GMT), ending a two-day

airport reopened Saturday after in Lebanese affairs. traffic was disrupted for three days Syria has deployed some 25,000 troops in north and east Lebanon since 1976, has several hundred military observers in west Beirut

> Muslim and Druze militias are Meanwhile in Bahrain Mr. Salam Saturday briefed Bahrain's Emir, Sheikh Isa Ibn Sulman Al Khalifa, on President Gemayel's

and Lebanon's main Shi'ite

new bid to seek better relations with Syria. Lebanese officials said Mr. Salam, a Sunni Muslim businessman, delivered a message from Mr. Gemayel to Sheikh Isa before flying to Kuwait on a

Mr. Salam is also due to visit the United Arab Emirates and Oman. Official sources in Beirut said Friday that Mr. Salam had welcomed help offered recently by Saudi Arabian businessman Rafiq Hariri, also a Sunni of Lebanese origin, in the rapprochement bid. Mr. Hariri has represented King

similar mission

Fand in the past. Falangist and opposition militias duelled with mortars and rockets across Beirut's dividing "green line" Saturday, killing two

people and wounding six. Shells hit the Christian suburbs of Yarze and Hadeth as well as in the predominantly Shi ite Muslim. slums of south Beirut, sending pillars of white smoke billowing in the air. The thud of exploding shells

echoed across the city before a security committee, grouping representatives of the main militias and the Lebanese army, called as ceasefire which took effect at 2 p.m. (1200 GMT). The committee appealed all

The committee also authorised the Civil Aviation Department to

factions involved in the fighting to

of Lebanon's opposition majority shutdown. Firebomb thrown at

Israeli car in Gaza TEL AVIV (Agencies) - An Israeli car was firebombed in the centre of occupied Gaza city Saturday and security forces

immediately began rounding up suspects, a Palestinian source said. The military spokesman's office was unable to immediately

confirm or deny the report. The local fire brigade, police and troops ruhed to the site of the bombing, put out the fire and made several arrests, said the source who spoke on condition of

anonymity. The source was unable to say how many people were in the car or whether anyone was injured. Saturday's bombing was the first reported attack of 1987 in Gaza. During December 1986 the army reported 350 demonstrations, clashes and

The report said 300 Palestinians were arrested during that month. four Palestinians were killed and 28 wounded. Twenty-seven Israelis were injured in the clashes.

The report did not give separate

figures for Gaza which was occupied by Israel together with the West Bank during the 1967 Middle East war. Israeli vehicle licence plates are yellow-and-black, while cars from

the West Bank and Gaza carry either blue-and-black or silver-and-black number plates. Palestinian sources also said Israeli authorities Friday arrested five Palestinian students at the University of An Najah in the Israeli-occupied West Bank. Israeli army officials said they

attacks on Israelis in the occupied could not confirm the report. Gorbachev blames U.S. for failure to reach arms agreement in 1986

Mikhail Gorbachev denounced the United States Saturday for failing to respond to a broad array of Soviet arms control initiatives put forward in 1986, proclaimed Year of Peace by the United

Nations. In a message to U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, Mr. Gorbachev said it was regrettable that 1986 had not resulted in concrete arms accords, although it did succeed in focusing world attention on vital issues of

In the message, carried by the Soviet News Aegency TASS, Mr. Gorbahcev said his proposal of Jan. 15 last year for the total 'elimination of nuclear weapons by the year 2000 had been followed by a long list of practical disarmament initiatives.

agreements and proposals for coventional and proposals for chemical weapons and the non-militarisation of space.

These included the extension of

Moscow's unilateral nuclear test

moratorium, agreement to on-site

monitoring of arms control

MOSCOW (R) - Kremlin leader to break "the vicious circle of the

October.

practical results did not materialise." The summit collapsed over a

Reagan's "Star Wars"

programme for a missile defence

in space, which Moscow condemns as the main obstacle to arms control. "Regrettably, our negotiating partners do not show readiness to find across effectively to contain the arms race," Mr. Gorbachev

declared. "Moreover, they are chipping away at and subverting the existing agreements which limit he said, adding that Moscow nuclear arsenals, including the SALT-2 treaty, seeking to undermine strategic stability. building up nuclear weapons in excess of ceilings agreed upon earlier and heading for the introduction of weapons in

While Moscow had extended its accelerating arms race" had arisen nuclear test moratorium, in effect at his summit with President since Aug. 6, 1985, he added, nuclear test moratorium, in effect Reagan in Reykjavik last other countries had continued to

upgrade deadly weapons. Although the summit offered a view of fresh horizons, he said. unilateral ban after the first U.S. the hopes that it would lead to test of 1987. Washington has refused to join the moratorium on the grounds that tests were needed to maintain its nuclear deterrent Soviet demand for limits on Mr. and problems of verification remained.

> Union sought to abolish nuclear weapons in order to gain superiority in conventional forces. Mr. Gorbachev pointed to Warsaw Pact proposals last June for deep cuts in conventional forces in Europe by 1990. "We are prepared to advance in

Rejecting claims that the Soviet

endorsed strict verification of accords in every field. But he said this must be reciprocal, and accused those who

every area towards real measures

to limit and stop the arms race."

failing to respond positively to the (Continued on page 3)

earlier sought verification of

surface-to-surface missiles were fired Saturday at targets in the west Iranian towns of Dezful. Ramhormuz, Nahayand and Iranians inside Iraq in the Borujerd. It was the first Iraqi offensive launched Friday towards missile attack on Iranian towns Basra, Iraq's second city.

Pentagon reports 25,000 Iranian casualties in Christmas attack

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Iran suffered an estimated 25,000 casualties in a Christmas Eve offensive against Iraq and appears likely to suffer a similar rebuff in an attack launched Friday, Pentagon sources have said.

The officials, who agreed to discuss recent U.S. intelligence assessments only if not named, offered a dim view of Iranian prospects for military advances in the 6-year-old war.

The Iranians are conducting their offensives in such a way as to literally "position themselves for extermination," one official

Moreover, the Pentagon has gathered evidence that Iran for the first time is experiencing difficulty in drawing young men into the Basiij militia - the cadre of poorly trained troops used for the human-wave assaults that precede its offensive attacks.

The Defence Department's latest assessment of the Iran-Iraq war came as Iran announced its forces had stormed across the Shatt Al Arab waterway in a two-pronged offensive against Iraq. The Iranians claimed to have Iraq. killing 5,000 Iraqis.

By Masha Hamilton

TEL AVIV - A year and a half

after Israeli troops left Lebanon

following the most unpopular war

in Israel's history, government leaders are warning Israel may

again be on the brink of deeper

The warnings come after two

military involvement in Lebanon.

Israeli air raids in South Lebanon

this week, a surge of attacks

against a small Israeli-supported

Lebanese militia and the growing

presence of Palestinian lighters who were blamed by Israel for the

rockets fired into northern Israel

But renewed Israeli

entanglement in Lebanon is likely

to meet strong resistance within

Israel, where hundreds of

thousands protested the

three-year Lebanon war in which

Thirteen members of the

Israeli-aliied South Lebanon

Army (SLA) militia were killed

this week. The deaths brought to

more than 100 the number of

militiamen killed since Israel set

up its "security zone" in South

Lebanon just before pulling out

Israel, which still keeps about

most of its soldiers in June 1985.

1.000 soldiers in South Lebanon.

has blamed the Iranian-backed

Shi'ite Muslim Hezboliah fighters

for the attacks on the mostly

Falangist South Lebanon Army.

Hezbollah bases were targetted in .

an Israeli air taid on Jan. 4 in

On Friday, Israeli planes

bombed Palestinian commando

which three people were killed.

654 Israeli soldiers were killed.

on Wednesday.

Iraq responded that the Iranians had already been chased out of the most of the positions they had overrun.

While the Pentagon officials offered no independent assessment of those claims on Friday, they did agree to discuss a similar attack in the same area of the Shatt Al Arab waterway on Dec. 24 and 25.

In that fighting, said one official, the Iranians suffered an estimated 25,000 casualties. including up to 15,000 dead. While a precise estimate of Iraqi losses was not available, it was certainly not even one-third of the Iranian number, the official said.

The reports Friday indicate "a very similar" attack to that conducted in December, said one source, "and it's likely to have the same outcome."

"You should not think that pushed 2 z miles into southern because the franians succeed in getting a foothold on the south said.

Sidon, about 48 kilometres north

"Elements that provoke us and

step up their terrorist activity will

be punished," Prime Minister

Yitzhak Shamir warned on Israel

Rabin also told reporters after

touring South Lebanon that the

attacks against the SLA militia

"necessitate a stepping-up of

Neither Shamir nor Rabin was

Four months ago, when the

specific about how Israel might

SLA was hit by a similar series of

attacks. Israel massed troops

along its northern border in a

show of support and sent several

hundred extra Israeli soldiers

Attacks on the SLA have

severely demoralised the

1,500-member force. Israeli

military sources say that in the last

four months, 250 militiamen have

quit the force which patrols a

10-to-16 kilometre trip north of

Hirsh Goodman, writing in the Jerusalem Post. "If the Shi ites maintain or intensify their

respond along a broader front."

But Israeli newspapers have

Inherent in the new situation is

the Israeli border.

briefly into South Lebanon.

respond to the Shi ite attacks.

activity in various security

Defence Minister Yitzhak

Israeli leaders warn they may

of the Israeli border.

television.

spheres

indicator of success," he said. "In fact, what they are doing is

positioning themselves for extermination, because they get themselves in an extremely unsupportable position with not much in the way of artillery fire, heavy vehicles and air (power) to back them up.

Then they're nicely positioned for a massive application of Iraqi air, helicopter gunships, followed up by lots of armour. They're just oo light (lightly armed) to do

The vast majority of the casualties being suffered by Iran can be attributed to murderous Iraqi artillery fire, the sources said. The Iranians overrun Iraqi outposts, only to then be targeted by artillery kept farther behind the

es. While there is some evidence the Iranians carried anti-tank missiles with them across the Shatt Al Arab waterway last month, the missiles have had little effect on the outcome of the fighting, the Pentagon officials said.

"Everything now appears to favour Iraq and at least keep things stalemated," one official

operations in Lebanon were

reluctant to target Hezbollah

bases because of a two-year-old

American request. He said the

United States asked Israel not to

attack Hezbollah guerrillas

because they were believed to be

holding some of the six Americans

A second problem for Israel is

osed by the resurgence of

Istaeli military sources.

Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) forces in South Lebanon.

speaking on condition of

anonymity, say about 3,000 Palestinian fighters are now based

in South Lebanon, a severe

disappointment to Israel, which

launched its 1982 invasion to rout

the PLO from Lebanon for good.

fighters has for the moment been

prevented by the Shi ite Amal

militia which has been fighting

Palestinians. But the PLO is being

helped by Israel's former allies.

Falangists are permitting the

apparently referring to the

Falangists, said PLO fighters are

being allowed into Lebanon

Israel has sought to block the

arrival of Palestinians at Jounich

Israeli military officers say the

the Falangists of Beirut.

the danger of creeping Israeli Palestinians to enter Lebanon by

reinvolvement in southern the port of Jounieh just north of

Lebanon," said military analyst Christian east Beirut Shamir,

campaign against the South through bribery of various Lebanon Army, Israel will have to elements."

editorialised against sending more by monitoring all maritime traffic

soldiers into Lebanon. This is a into the port and stopping ships

poor option," the daily Maariv which it believes are carrying PLO

Entrenchment of the PLO

missing after being kidnapped

Rabin said Israel had been

intelligent and limited."

"They (the Iraqis) are defending their territory, they hold an overwhelming edge in tanks, artillery and air power, and their active deployed forces now appear to number some one million compared to about

Pentagon analysts said intelligence reports indicated that fewer than half of the 600,000 Iranian troops were elite fighting men drawn from the army under the former Shah, that some 200,000 were Revolutionary Guards, and that another 100,000 were poorly trained recruits.

600.000 for Iran.'

During last month's mosuccessful Iranian assaultacross the Shatt Al Arab, thousands of recruits and Revolutionary Guards died and the regular army units never got to the front before the attack bogged down. Pentagon officials said.

"They often commit the Basiij - who are recruited off the street by the Mullahs and given very minimal training - to the initial wave in a battle." said one official.

"Behind the Basiii come the Revolutionary Guards. The regulars are often the last. forces committed to the fight."

Beirut hostage step up involvement in Lebanon appeals Israeli army to make sure its

BEIRUT (R) - A French diplomat held hostage by Islamic Jihad said in a letter to his wife that captivity was a barely endurable nightmare. He appealed to France to meet the underground groups' demands.

to France

"Why does the government use loop-holes when it knows perfectly the conditions of the captors ... we will not be freed unless all the demands are met," Marcel Fontaine said in the letter delivered to an international news agency Friday night.

Islamic Jihad (holy war) also holds another French diplomat, Marcel Carton, a French journalist; Jean-Paul Kauffmann and two Americans.

"France must have more independent, moderate, balanced and less partisan policies,' Fontaine said in his letter, adding that his 21-month ordeal was a "nightmare ... we can hardly endure it."

For the French hostages' demanded the release of 17 men jailed in Kuwait for political violence and an end to French financial and military support for

The letter was addressed to Fontaine's wife Elaine, who left Beirut three days ago after a week-long series of visits to Muslim leaders with her 18-year-old son Erick. She carried a secret message for the French government.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Portugal closes embassy in west Beirut

BEIRUT(R) — Portugal has closed its embassy in mainly Muslim west Beirut for security reasons, Lebanese Foreign Ministry sources said Saturday. They said Ambassador Luis Gonzaga Ferreira left Beirut for home a few days ago. Portugal was among four Western countries still operating in west Beirut. Most others closed or moved to the Christian eastern sector following attacks against embassies and foreign nationals over the past three years. The pro-Syrian Ash Sharq newspaper reported that the Portuguese move was to protest against the failure of Lebanon's ambassador-designate to Portugal to present his credentials. It said Ghazi Chidiac, ambassador to the Vatican, had not presented his credentials 18 months after his appointment as non-resident envoy to Lisbon. The Foreign Ministry sources denied there were any such political motives, insisting the Portuguese closedown was for security reasons.

Al Ahram to start American edition

CAIRO (R) - Egypt's 111-year-old newspaper Al Ahram will start printing a North American edition in New York later this month, executives said Saturday. Al Ahram started an international edition in London in 1984 but has not been able to get it to subscribers in the United States and Canada on the day of issue. The daily, which usually reflects official Egyptian policy, currently has some 600 subscribers in North America. It plans a print of 5,000 copies in the first phase of the new venture, starting Jan. 19. The paper will sell for one U.S. dollar. It has an estimated two million Arabs or citizens of Arab descent in the United States and Canada as potential readers, the executives told Reuters. The Cairo, London and New York editions will be printed simultaneously via satellite links, they said.

Group threatens Kuwaiti leader

BEIRUT (R) - An underground group has threatened a senior Kuwaiti official following conviction of four Arabs for their role in bombing two seafront cafes in Kuwait in July, 1985. The "Arab Revolutionary Brigades" which originally claimed responsibility for the bombings, made the threat in a statement published in Beirut Saturday by An Nahar newspaper. The brigades said Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah, Kuwait's deputy prime minister and minister of foreign affairs, was behind the sentences handed down on Wednesday and "he will be held responsible for

North reportedly urged cruise attack

NEW YORK (R) - Fired presidential aide Lt.-Col. Oliver North argued for shooting a cruise missile at an alleged terrorist nerve centre in Damascus during the hijack of a TWA plane in 1985, a U.S. television network has reported. CBS News said Reagan administration sources told its Pentagon correspondent that during the TWA hijack a small group including Col. North argued for the cruise missile attack on the alleged terrorist nerve centre in the Syrian capital. Col. North's plan was reportedly rejected by then National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane, it said, but gave no further details. Shi ite gunmen hijacked the TWA plane on June 14, 1985, during a flight from Atheus to Rome. They shot dead a U.S. pavy diver, Robert Stethem, and held 39 others hostage aboard the plane in Beirut for two weeks.

Soldiers unseal Palestinian homes

TEL AVIV (AP) - Israeli troops have unsealed rooms they blocked up a day earlier after learning that the supreme court had issued a restraining order barring the action, Israel Radio reported. The soldiers cemented shut four rooms in the homes of three Palestinians convicted of a series of attacks on Israeli targets including the firebombing of a Jerusalem passenger bus last year in which 10 people were wounded. The Palestinians live in the Palestinian refugee camp of Shuafat, near Jerusalem.

Aden aide to visit Oman todav

BAHRAIN (R) — South Yemen's Foreign Minister Abdul Aziz Al Dali will begin a four-day official visit to Oman Sunday, his first since last January's fighting in Aden which toppled the government of President Ali Nasser Mohammad. The official Oman News Agency, reporting the visit, said Mr. Dali would hold talks with his Omani counterpart Youssef Ibn Alawi, who was in Aden in July Oman and South Yemen have been seeking to Aden in July. Oman and South Yemen have been seeking to normalise relations after 15 years of hostility over Aden's past support for Omani rebels, and have yet to reach agreement on their disputed border.

Scot jailed in U.S. for selling equipment to Libya

equipment to Libya was jailed Friday when he said he could not produce the \$300,000 cash bail ordered by a U.S. magistrate Ronald Fonseca.

Francis George Christie, 50, of Aberdeen, Scotland, was one of three people arrested in New Orleans Thursday in connection with the shipping of equipment to Libya in violation of a Feb. 1, 1986, embargo ordered by President Ronald Reagan.

A Louisiana couple, Cheryl Ann Smith and George L. Smith. were released on bond of \$5,000 and \$10,000 respectively, according to Assistant U.S. Attorney Phillip Halpern Patrick Fanning, defence lawyer for the three, said

Christie's bond was excessive and disputed Halpern's arguments that Christie was likely to flee to Scotland if he was freed before

Fanning also discounted prosecution arguments that violation of Mr. Reagan's embargo were so serious as to warrant extensive prison time if Christie is found guilty. He noted the current controversy over the Reagan administration's sale of

\$30 million worth of arms to Iran. Although arrests were made in New Orleans, near the home of the Smith's Oil Patch Production worth of equipment to Libya.

NEW ORLEANS (AP) - A Services Inc. in the suburb of Scottish businessman accused of Grema, the Smiths and Christie channelling U.S. oil field face trial in San Diego, where the investigation began.

A U.S. Customs Service agent said he went undercover and contacted the Smiths, and later Christie, after the Smiths contacted Solar Turbines Inc. of

San Diego about possible

equipment sales to Libya. Fanning, after the bearing, said the Smiths did indeed contact Solar, but that Solar told them that sales to Libya would be illegal. He said the Smiths were willing to drop the matter then.

But, Fanning continued, Solar then told customs. about the contact and customs began the undercover investigation in order to entice the Smiths and their European business contact, Christie, to do something illegal. During the investigation, customs allowed about \$250,000

worth of equipment to go to. Libya, according to special agent Dan Supnick. Fanning, contending that the three defendants were entrapped. noted in court that sales to Libya

are not illegal in the United Kingdom. He said that Christie would never have been subject to arrest had he not come to this country to conduct his business. Halpern said authorities believe Christie has been involved in the

shipment of millions of dollars

CIA denies part in diverting Iran arms funds to contras

WASHINGTON (R) - The Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) has denied having any role in diverting funds from the Iran arms deal to contra rebels.

In an unusual statement, the agency said that Director William Casey and his deputy Robert Gates 'were informed in the fall of 1986 of tenuous speculation repeat tenuous speculation - that some Iranian monies may have been diverted to the contras and they took appropriate action."

They reported their concerns to the National Security Council several times in October and Director Casey recommended that the White House counsel review the problem."

Mr. Casey, 73, recovering from brain cancer surgery last month that has impaired his speech and numbed his right-side, has told congressional investigators that he had learned of the rumours that funds from the arms deal were being funneled to the contras by a New York businessman, Roy Furmark. Lt.-Col. Oliver North, fired by

a deputy White House national security adviser, has refused to testify on his pivotal role in the secret arms deal that is the subject of congressional and criminal investigations. Congressional investigators

have expressed scepticism that the CIA was as much in the dark about the funds being sent to the contra rebels fighting against the Nicaraguan government since it has been supporting them in the

There have also been allegations that the money was channelled through agency bank accounts. "Inaccurate reports in the

media based on selective leaks have misrepresented what Director Casey and Deputy Director Gates knew about a possible diversion of Iranian funds to the contras and when they knew it," the agency said in its first formal statement on the affair. "It is time for the agency to set

the record straight publicly." "Director Casey testified under oath before four congressional

committees that he did not learn that monies may have been diverted to contras until the White House so informed him just before Attorney General (Edwin) Meese held his press conference on Nov. 25," the agency said. Mr. Meese first publicly

disclosed the secret arms deal that day at a White House news conference.

"In their sworn testimony in December, Director Casey and Deputy Director Gates also made President Reagan from his post as a full disclosure to Congress about speculation that had reached them in October concerning a possible diversion of funds and what they have done about that information." the agency said.

"No credible evidence of a diversion of monies ever came to the attention of the agency," it

"Most importantly, there is no indication whatsoever that the CIA was involved in any diversion of funds, that the CIA misused its funds or violated any law."

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positions at Maghdousheh near newspaper said. It called on the commandos. TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME ONE
15:30 Koran
15:50 Programme review
15:55 Heath Cliff
16:20 A Whole World of Children
17:00 Risking It All
17:30 Candid Camera
18:00 Local Agricultural programme
18:30 Arabic series
19:20 Local programme
19:50 Programme review
17-20 "H"HORIGITIE ICAICA
20:00
20:35 Arabic series
21:30 Local programme
21:55 Tomorrow's programme
prior rollough a programme
22:00 TV Magazine (local)
23:00 News summary in Arabic
17-10
23:10 Arabic series
00:10 Close down

PROGRAMME TWO
17:30Les 5 dernieres
19:00 News in French
19:15 La vallee des peuritiers
19:30 News in Hebrew
19:45 Varieties
20:00 News in Arabic
20:30 Who's the Boss
21:10 The Story of S.O.E.
22:00 News in English
22:20 Murder, She Wrote
RADIO JORDAN
855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM
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& partly on 9:60 KH 5 SW Tel: 774111-19

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	Newsdes
08:00	Morning Show
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	Instrumental
	Old Favourite
	Listeners Choice
	News Summar
	Jazz Hou
	Newsdesł
19:30 .	Date with a Star
20:00	Evening Show
21:00	News Suroman
21:05	Evening Show Contd.
21:55	News Summary

22:00 23:00 23:57 ... Evening Show Contd.

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 64:

06:00 Newsdesk 96:30 Nashville Cats 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Financial Review of the Year 07:00 World News Review of the Year 97:99 World News 97:99 24 Hours: News Summary 97:90 Patrick Martin's Music Box 97:46 Letter from America 98:90 Newslesk 98:30 Jazz for the Asking 99:90 World News 99:90 24 Hours: News Summary 99:30 From Our Own Correspondent 99:50 Waveguide 10:00 World News 10:99 Reflections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:90 World News 11:99 British Press Review 11:15 Science in Action 11:46 A future for the Past 12:90 News Summary; Short Story 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:90 World News 13:99 News About Britain 13:15 From Our Own 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 From Our Own Correspondent 13:30 Play of the Week: Bread and Butter 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Sports Round-up 15:45 The Sandi Jones Request Show 16:30 Play: Runyon's Guys and Dolls 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Concert Hall 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Pesticides—the Easy Way Our 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:09 Reflections 19:15 Meridian 19:45 Sports Roundup 20:00 Newsdesk 20:30 Just A Minute 21:20 News Summary; Classical Record Review 21:15 In the Psychiatrist's Chair 22:06 World News

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260, KHz 7200, 4565, 1174, 11925 & 15210

05:00 News 05:10 VOA Morning 05:30 News Summary! VOA Morning 06:00 News Summary! VOA Morning 07:30 News Summary! VOA Morning 07:30 News Summary! VOA Morning 08:00 News Summary! VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Closeup 08:30 News 99:10 VOA Morning 09:00 News 99:10 VOA Morning 17:00 News Summary! VOA Morning 07:30 News Summary! VOA Morning 08:40 News 18:40 News 18:40 News 19:10 VOA Morning 19:30 News 19:10 News 19:10 News 19:30 News 19:10 News 19:30 News 19 Encounter 18:30 Special English News and Features 19:30 News 19:18 Critic's Choice 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Sunday Report 21:30 Music Standards 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Concert Hall 23:00 News 23:10 New Horizons and New Products 23:30 Studio One

WHAT'S GOING ON **TODAY'S EVENTS**

EXHIBITIONS

A painting exhibition entitled: "On (until Jan. 23).

Royal Cultural Centre Tel.	661026
American Centre	6443
American Centre Library	_ 6415
British Council	636147
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	. 6419
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	. 6397
Haya Arts Centre	. 6651
Hussein Youth City	667181
Y.W.C.A	
Y.W.M.A	. 6642
Amman Municipal Library	. 6371
University of Jordan Library	8435
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Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.
Jordan National Gallery: Contains a
collection of paintings, ceramics, and
sculpture by contemporary Islamic
artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists, Muntazah, Jabel Luweibleth. Opening bours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, erc.

Banks of Jordan" at the Jordan tional Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh

"An exhibition of photographs. :ntitled "La Villette" at the French Cultural Centre (until Jan. 29).

CULTURAL CENTRES

6/7 371 520 7/8

MUSEUMS

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jabal Al Qa'a (Citatle Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Finlays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

O-0128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum):
Collection of military memorabilia
dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916.
Sports City, Anyman. Opening hours 9
a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Santrdays. Tel.
664240.

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 637169. SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amanan Chib. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 130 p.m.

Lions Philadelphia Clob. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amanon Hotel, 7.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.

1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday
at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m.
Royal Automobile Club. Jabel Amman, Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261, 981410.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Assumciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)

Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757.

Terrassuta Church (Roman Catholic),

Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian

language, meet every Sahmday at 5:30

p.m., Tel. 622366 p.m., 16t 0.42.500 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdai, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Aruman, Tel. 678906. Armenian Catholic Church Astratich, Aunenian Ca Tel. 771331. tet. //1531, Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751. Armanan International Church

(Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel 677534 Evangelical Luthern Church, Jabal Annan, 6th Circle (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295, Rainbow Congregation (International, Interdenominational) meets in the Church of the Redeemer, Jabal Amman, Tel. 606974.

PRAYER TIMES

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Roval Jordanian information department at the Jucen Alia International Airpon, tel. (08) 53200-5, where a should always be

ARRIVALS: ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

Aqaba (RJ)
Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
Jeddah (RJ) . Kurwait (RJ) Doha, Bahrain (RJ)
Cairo, Aqaba (RJ) New York, Amsterdam (RJ) ... Athens (RJ) Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna (RJ) 18:05

... Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ) London, Geneva (RJ) Madrid, Rome (RJ) Paris (RJ) Baghdad (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

99:00 10:30

...... Berlin, Lamaca (IF) Jeddah (SV) Cairo (MS) Kuwait (LN)
Baghdad (IA)
Muscat, Abu Dhabi, Bahrain 12:50 ... Dubai (EK Athens, Damascus (OA)
Athens (SV) Frankfurt (LH . Istanbul (TK) . London (BA)

DEPARTURES: ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

10:50 11:30 11:30 . Caino (RJ . Jeddah (RJ) 21:15 Cairo (RJ)

...... Bangkok (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

06:20 Frankfurt (LH)
06:30 Lamaca, Amsterdam (KLM) ... Beirut (ME) Danascus, Rome (AZ)
Lamaca, Berán (IF)
Athens (SV) 10:15 ... Cairo (MS) . Tripoli (LN) 13:30 Baghdad (IA) 14:00 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat (GF) . Kuwait (KU) Saga'a (LH) Baghdad, London (BA) MARITIME TRAFFIC Regular-line ships docking at Aqaba

-- Alyanımalı -- Skulptor Golubkina -- Akademik Stechkin Amin Kawar and Sons Company, with its new offices in Shmeisani, at your service, tel: 603703/15. MONEY EXCHANGE

Saturday rates Japanese yen (for 100) ... 25.1/
Japanese yen (for 100) ... 215/
Swedish etown ... 210.8/
Swiss franc ... 210.8/
U.K. steriking pound ... 502.5/
U.S. dollar ... 340.7/
W. German ... 340.7/

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be partly clourly with early morning fog. I herewill be a gradual rise in temperatures during the day with moderate nonlinesterly wind. In Agaba, it will also be partly cloudy with moderate northerly winds and cain

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USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Dr. Saknan Dabboubi Salam pharmacy Neirouth pharmacy 636730 623672 668056 891228 661912

Al Ahram taxi Shmeisani taxi

Asen tani ..

TRBID:

Dr. Abdul Majid Sabahin

Dr. Rabah Borini

wise and Middle East calls

Blood bank Civil Defence rescue 778303 Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Int. Airport (08) 53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn . 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amman Malhas, J. Amman . Palestine, Shmeisani 636140 664171/4 669131 845845/65 Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital
Al-Musaber Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali 667227/9 666127/37 Al-Abī. Abdalī 664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh Arnal Hospital 674155

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. All Asa'ad 897919

MARKET PRICES

Upperflower price in fils per kg.
Apple (double red and starken)
280/240 280/240 . 300 / 260 . 250 / 220 Banana (Mukammer) 260 / 200 120 / 80 70 / 40 160 / 120 140/100 Caulifiower Chestnut Cacambers 90 / 60 700 / 600 400 / 300 Eggplant (small) Eggplant (large) Garic 160 / 120 . 160 / 120 . 600 / 550 100/ 60 170/120 .180/140 .200/160 .240/200 .180/140

GENERAL

Onion (dry)
Onion (green)
Orange (Abu Surra)
Orange (Shammouri
Pepper (hot) 320/260 440/360 230/180 140/100 210/160

Crown Prince highlights importance of dialogue, exchange at all levels

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Saturday underlined the importance of dialogue between youth forums and clubs at the Arab and international levels and also stressed the role of Islamic-Christian dialogues in finding sound formulae with which to resolve world issues.

Prince Hassan was speaking at a meeting of the Arab Thought Forum's (ATF) board of trustees which comprises 17 members and

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arab

Health Ministers Council has

approved plans to build a hospital

in Arab Jerusalem and the council

decided to form a special

delegation which will submit the

subject of the hospital to Arab and

Islamic heads of state who are due

to meet in Kuwait on Jan. 26.

Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh

The \$15 million project is

bound to offer improved health

services to Arab citizens in the

occupied Arab territories, the

Dr. Hamzeh was speaking upon

said on Saturday.

minister continued.

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per week.

export outlets.

Last year, the Jordan Society

for the Production and Marketing

of Eggs (JSPME) sustained

heavy losses as a result of a

bottle-neck in the supply and

demand process. The JSPME

stepped in at that time and

reduced the prices to prevent a

surplus of approximately 500

million eggs from being spoiled.

Lowering the prices reflected

negatively on the profitability of

the society's 140 egg farms but did

manage to salvage the bulk of the

ATF does not believe in monopolising thoughts and ideas, and for this reason it strives to maintain close cooperation with other Arab research centres to coordinate work and activity designed to deal with challenges confronting the Arab nation.

Prince Hassan expressed hope that a special task force led by former Lebanese Prime Minister Dr. Salim Al Hoss would be able



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Saturday meets with trustees of the Arab Thought Forum (Petra photo)

returning to Amman from in Beirut to supervise health and

Baghdad where he attended the medical assistance to the

Health ministers approve plans

for Arab hospital in Jerusalem

Kuwait and Mrocco.

there, the minister said.

council's 50th meeting, which

opened on Jan. 8. Dr. Hamzeh

also said the committee comprises

the health ministers of Jordan,

the council discussed the general

health conditions in the

Israeli-held Arab territory and

means of improving conditions

In addition to the occupied

territories, the health ministers

council discussed health

conditions in Lebanon and the

establishment of a medical centre

During the two-day meeting.

which is chaired by Prince Hassan. to draw up proper solutions to The Crown Prince said that the guarantee such cooperation in the best possible manner. He said that the ATF aims at bridging the gap between intellectuals and decision-makers in the Arab World with a view to reaching the best and most effective

> Symposium on Arab debts begins today

Prince Hassan will today patronise an ATF symposium to review alternative policies for dealing with Arab countries' foreign debts. Finance Minister Hanna Odeh and Minister of Planning Taher Al Kanaan are among 40 participants invited to take part in the two-day symposium.

The participants will discuss four working papers dealing with the Arab World's foreign debts, the United Nations attitude with regard to such debts, means of protecting Arab investments and the flight of Arab capital to other

The symposium is in implementation of recommendations taken by the Arab Thought Forum at its meeting in Amman during April

Lebanese people, according to Dr.

He said that the council

approved a pan-Arab plan for cooperation in health affairs,

including means of facilitating the

flow of medical supplies to Arab

countries hit by natural disasters

and the manufacturing and

marketing of Arab pharmaceutical products, in addition to the Arabisation of

medical teaching at Arab

The council, which groups the

ministers of Kuwait, Iraq,

Bahrain, Tunisia and Jordan,

decided to hold its next meeting in

Hamzeh

Royal Scientific Society President Jawad Al Anani (left) Saturday briefs Her Majesty Queen Noor on the various departments of the society during a visit to the RSS by Queen Noor (Petra photo)

Queen Noor visits RSS

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor on Saturday visited the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and was briefed by officials on the function and services provided by the society's different sections.

Upon her arrival, the Queen was met by RSS President Jawad Al Ananias well as the directors of different departments at the society.

Queen Noor called at the departments of mechanical engineering, computer sciences. solar energy, the chemical Al Mufti.

industry section, the Building Research Centre and the training unit. The Queen was briefed by directors of these sections on their activities and research work.

Dr. Ananispoke about the RSS' services to the public and its role in contributing towards Jordan's development projects.

Her Majesty was accompanied on her tour by the wife of Prime Minister Zaid Al Rifai and the director general of the Noor Al Foundation, Mrs. In am Hussein

Majali to detail new road safety measures today

Director Abdul Hadi Al Majali will today hold a press conference on road accidents in the Kingdom. Lt. Gen. Majali is expected to detail procedures and measures being taken by the Public Security Department to reducing the number of road accidents in the

country.

The PSD recently announced that all vehicles should be equipped with safety belts and that all motorists would be required by law to use them while driving along motorways with 60

AMMAN (J.T.) - Public affairs, announced at a press Security Department (PSD) conference on Dec. 31 that enforcement of the use of the belts on these roads would take effect in January 1987. He said that a month-long awareness campaign would be held in Januzry to bring to the attention of the public the importance of seat belts and the penalties which will be imposed on hose violating the regulations.

The traffic law concerning seat belts will be technically enforced in Jordan at the beginning of February 1987, according to Brig. Abul Saud, who said that front kilometre speed limits or above. seat passengers and motorists Brigadier Ahmad Abdul Saud, found not using seat belts would PSD assistant director for traffic be fined between JD 5 and JD 15.

Greater Amman council holds first meeting

Mayor outlines responsibilities of new authority and comprehensive plan for services in the capital

AMMAN (J.T.) — Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh said Saturday that Amman Municipality, like the majority of local municipal and village councils in Jordan, is facing the problem of a lack of funds required for upgrading public services and because of limited finances, all efforts should be exerted to control expenditure and improve productivity.

sums collected are community burdens and responsibilities services and their views. continue to grow.

Addressing the first meeting of the 51-member council for the Greater Amman area, Mr. Rawabdeh said that the Amman municipal council has contracted an international consultative firm to help draw up a comprehensive plan for the development of the Greater Amman region from now until the year 2005 and that the municipal council will implement the plan to improve public

services. The plan, expected to be completed in six months' time, is being prepared under the supervision of a technical committee chaired by the mayor and operating under the guidance of Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Mr. Rawabdeh pointed out.

The mayor went on to say that it is the right of every citizen in the Greater Amman area to obtain services from the nearest municipal centre to his home and for this reason members of the public should not have to refer to the Amman municipal council at the Amman Municipality if they wish to submit a complaint about services or to make requests for

This measure has been deemed necessary to facilitate work and to alleviate the burden of work from the municipality in Amman, Mr. Rawabdeh continued. The municipality, he added, will distribute and supervise services to all regions of the Greater Amman region through various committees and these committees will also have to submit reports on the situation and types of services offered to each district under their jurisdiction, Mr. Rawabdeh

The mayor said that it is not He said the committees should feasible to increase municipal hold periodic meetings with taxes and fees and as a result the representatives of different regions and towns around the shrinking while the municipality's capital to determine their needs of

> Council elects deputy mayor, committee members

The council later elected Mr. Ismail Armouty as deputy mayor of Amman and he voiced his appreciation for the confidence entrusted in him and pledged to do his best to serve the capital. Later, the council elected heads

and members of 11 committees which will be in charge of the organisation of cities and villages. buildings, purchases, public works, development, planning, finance, appropriation, personnel numbering of streets, health, cultural, social and legal committees and one in charge of greening the land around the

The council also elected heads and members of sub-district committees which will be dealing directly with districts and their

as well as the towns of Tureq. Jubeiha, Wadi Seer, Sweileh, Tla'a Al Ali, Umm Al Summaq. Qweismeh, Jweideh, Abu Alanda, Khreibet Al Souq, Jawa, Yadoudeh, Shafa Badran, Umm Quseir, Al Muqablain and Bader. The council decided that the committees should hold monthly meetings to discuss the progress of

The council also decided to draw up a contract with the Jordan Electric Power Company (JEPCO) to collect fees for garbage collection along with electricity bills for a period of one

year on an experimental basis.

The 51-member council of Greater Amman, formed in the past week, includes present and former senior government officials, heads of municipalities and villages, notables and private citizens in the Greater Amman

Heads of the municipalities which have now been incorporated in the new council opposed the formation of the joint body on the grounds that a unified council would deplete their municipalities' revenues. lower the quality of public services and prolong the time for carrying out projects.

The formation of the new council was hailed by a number of notables and prominent business figures in Amman who said that the council's work will be decentralised and therefore would inhabitants and will be in charge of be carried out promptly and the Amman Metropolitan region, without as much red tape.



Members of the newly-formed Greater Amman council hold their first meeting on Saturday under the chairmanship of Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh (Petra photo)

Committee on mineral wealth to

meet today

AMMAN (Petra) - The government has set up a higher committee on chemical industries, and under the chairmanship of Minister of Industry and Trade Rajai Muasher it will look into the prospects of maximising the exploitation of the Kingdom's vast chemical mineral wealth, Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Hisham Al Khatib announced here on Saturday.

The minister said that the committee, which will hold its first meeting on Sunday, is scheduled to investigate the measures which could be taken to promote the employment of minerals - such as phosphates, potash and cement - in the domestic industry sector.

The minister, who was addressing the opening session of a two-day symposium organised by the Jordanian Chemists Society (JCS), said that Jordan is rich in chemical wealth and that these resources are predominantly found in the mineral salts of the Dead Sea. However, Dr. Khatib noted that only potash is being exploited at present. Jordan can, and should, develop the exploitation of a wide range of minerals and their by-products. notably potassium bromides, manganese, calcium and sodium and other elements found in and around the Dead Sea area in the Jordan Valley region, the minister

The minister said that the JCS and other similar scientific societies in Jordan could help spread knowledge about such wealth.

Participants in the two-day symposium will discuss, among other subjects, the employment of laser beams in the treatment of eye ailments, the treatment of wastewater from power stations, processing soil used for growing in-door plants, geological issues. including earth tremors, analysing antibiotic medications and the hazards of employing chemicals in analysing potable water.

Working papers discussed during the first session were presented by the University of Jordan, the Royal Medical Services, Yarmouk University, the Arab Potash Company and the Royal Scientific Society.

|Iraq gains upper hand

(Continued from page 1) He said Iraq lost one aircraft law and the United Nations Friday but all other planes Charter itself." returned safely to base after destructive raids on Iranian troops

and communication lines. Iraq on Friday night criticised the Security Council and the U.N. Secretariat for remaining silent in

assault in the six-year-old Gulf A press statement issued by the

communique claimed an Iraqi face of Iran's latest cross-border surface-to-surface missile hit a school at Borujerd, south-west of Tehran Saturday killing or wounding at least 80 students.

Iraqi U.N. mission said: "the Iranian News Agency IRNA passive position of the Security said Borujerd, 270 kilometres Council and the secretariat can from Tehran, was one of several only facilitate and encourage centres bombed in Iraqi attacks Iranian aggression and thereby Saturday.

aggression."

Gorbachev criticises U.S.

(Continued from page 1)

new Soviet position in favour of around the world. on-site inspection.

supported constructive ideas for troop withdrawal.

reducing tension in trouble spots

Iranian violation of international

The statement called on both

U.N. organs to "adopt a clear-cut

position versus the Iranian

In Tehran, an Iranian military

He said the Soviet Union was on-site inspection.

Mr. Gorbachev said the Soviet
Union had strongly backed
proposals for nuclear-free zones

Mr. Gorbachev said the Soviet
Union had strongly backed
proposals for nuclear-free zones in the Balkans, Northern Europe guarantees for an end to outside and the Soviet Pacific and had interference and expedite a Soviet

Manila probes Iran arms deal

(Continued from page 1)

desperate," attempt by the left to discredit the armed forces and his leadership.

Meanwhile Defence Minister Rafael Ileto has proposed reducing the Philippines' 250,000-strong armed forces provided the Communist rebels do the same, his ministry said Saturday.

A news release said Ileto made the proposal in an effort to save peace talks between the government and the Communist-dominated National Democratic Front (NDF) before a 60-day ceasefire runs out on Feb.

The talks began formally last Tuesday but were adjourned until next week after the two sides failed to agree on an agenda.

Meanwhile, rebel, military, religious and government leaders in eight provinces of the southern island of Mindanao announced agreement to continue negotiations there, even if the peace talks collapse at the national level

conference in the Mindanao city of Cagayan de Oro where national

warned of a possible resumption of the fighting if the talks fail. President Aquino resumed her

campaign for ratification of a proposed new constitution Saturday, distributing land titles to peasants and promising more funds for rural development. Mrs. Aquino told a rally

attended by about 5,000 people that she also would decide on the date for local elections at next week's cabinet meeting. But she reminded the crowd that balloting would be possible only if the draftconstitution is ratified in the Feb. 2 plebiscite. Ratification of the constitution

"will strengthen our democracy so. that the days of oppression in the past will not return," she told the crowd, which included officials from five provinces in a regiononce a stronghold of deposed President Ferdinand Marcos.

Santiago was the first stop in. Mrs. Aquino's swing Saturday through northern Luzon to urge voters to ratify the charter. She started the campaign last weekend in southern Luzon's Bicol region.

evel. From Santiago, 240 kilometres
The announcement came at a north east of Manila, Mrs. Aquino travelled by helicopter to Pangasinan province on the South NDF chief negotiator Satur China Sea coast of Luzon where Ocampo accused the government she addressed similar rallies in the of stalling the negotiations. He towns of Lingayen and Urdaneta

campaign to raise egg consumption By Sa'ad G. Hattar "egg surplus. Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — A controversy has In an interview with the Jordan Times, dietician Suha Khalai projected campaign to increase explained that the overall intake the domestic per capita consumption of table eggs with differing viewpoints from both

Economic, medical views at odds over

of cholesterol by the human body should be in the region of 250 milligrammes per day. Taking into the medical and economic sides. account the fact that the human The medical point of view body generates a certain amount insists that the average individual of cholesterol on a daily basis, should consume no more than two medical research centres eggs per week which conflicts with recommended that an average a declared public awareness individual consumes no more than campaign to raise the domestic per one egg per day which contains capita consumption of eggs from 255 milligrammes of cholesterol, 135 per annum, the lowest rate in Dr. Khalaf said.

the world, to 170 a year or three However, and as a safety factor, Dr. Khalaf said that the medically The idea for raising the recognised safety level for domestic consumption was prompted by the fact that the local egg-consumption should be no more than two eggs per week. market has been and still is awash

Cholesterol, the vital, yellowish with accumulated egg surpluses, a situation aggrevated by shrinking substance whose level is directly affected by the richness of the diet, is widely held responsible for cardiovascular diseases when consumed in large quantities. Lowering cholesterol intake markedly reduces the incidence of fatal heart attacks, according to medical research.

Breakdown of an egg

Apart from cholesterol, which is concentrated in the yolk, an average 50 gramme-egg contains 75 per cent water, 80 calories, 6 grammes of protein, 6 grammes of

fat - both saturated and unsaturated, 27 grammes of carbohydrates and 1.1 milligramme of calcium. An average egg also contains 5.9 international units of Vitamin A, 0.5 milligrammes of Vitamin B1, 0.15 milligrammes of Vitamin B2 and a trace of Vitamin B3,

according to medical reports. The public awareness campaign, launched by the JSPME, includes illustrated advertisements in the press highlighting the nutritious benefits of eggs but the notices do not point out the level of

cholesterol in an egg.

JSPME Director General Samir
Habashneh contended that recent medical research found no link whatsoever "in the ratio between cholesterol in eggs compared to that in any other fat and protein

commodity."
Mr. Habashneh went further and said that an American researcher recently recommended that it would be healthier if an average individual ate three eggs per day and reduced meat

consumption. The annual per capita consumption of eggs in Iraq is 240., in Saudi Arabia 300 whilst the per capita consumption in the U.S. and the Soviet Union are in the region of 400 eggs per annum, Mr. Habashneh noted, pointing out that Jordan's consumption was

Last year, the section organised several photographic exhibitions

in cooperation with Jordanian

individuals and groups to highlight

Jordan's cultural, touristic and

archaeological sites and

youths living abroad was

established at the ministry at the

beginning of 1985 with the aim of

keeping up contacts between Jordanian youths abroad and their

country and acquainting them

with the various activities, news

The section for Jordanian

attractions abroad.

well below these levels.

Ministry of Youth issues report on services provided for students abroad aid and books to a number of AMMAN (Petra) - Last year, several conferences and seminars Jordanian youth groups abroad.

Ministry of Youth has offered a held in the country with the aim of variety of services to keeping the youth abroad approximately 1,600 Jordanian students and expatriates dotted in which take place in Jordan. The 43 countries around the world and has also provided a large number of Jordanian youth clubs and groups abroad with information, and assistance as part of the ministry's efforts to maintain contacts between Jordanian youths abroad and their homeland, according to an annual report issued by the Ministry of Youth section for Jordanian youth

affairs abroad. The section's head, Mr. Ibrahim Queishat, said that the section also received a total of 3,185 letters from Jordanian youths abroad containing various questions and queries about different issues. The section, he continued, also sent 10,295 parcels last year to youths abroad containing daily and weekly Arabic and English papers in addition to Jordanian magazines and bulletins. The section also dispatched decisions 2,000 palm tree saplings and and recommendations issued by 2,000 cypress tress will be planted

informed about various activities section also sends Jordanian papers and builetins to 14 Jordanian embassies abroad and this material is then distributed to Jordanian youths in the country. The embassies involved are in Athens, Paris, Madrid, Bucharest, Moscow, Ankara, Rome, Belgrade, Rabat, Kuwait, Cairo, Bonn, Islamabad and

Mr. Queishat added that the

section has also provided financial

and events related to Jordan. Agriculture Ministry prepares for Arbor Day celebrations AMMAN (Petra) - An Arbor on the occasion at the site.

Day ceremony will be held at the Queen Alia International Airport on Thursday under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein. A total of 5,000 olive tree saplings,

Other ceremonies will be held in different parts of the Kingdom and millions of trees will be planted by students, government departments and members of the

NEWS IN BRIEF Special forces begin 6-week drill

AMMAN (Petra) — A six-week training course for special forces of the Public Security Department (PSD) opened in Amman on Saturday. The 41 participants will receive training exercises, physical fitness and target shooting drills of different kinds. The course was opened by PSD Director Abdul Hadi Al Majali who made a speech on the occasion. The opening of the course was attended by Major General Issa Al Omari, PSD assistant director, and several high ranking officers.

Lawzi receives Soviet ambassador

AMMAN (Petra) - Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi on Saturday received Soviet Ambassador in Amman Alexander Zinchuk. Talks during the meeting focused on fields of cooperation between the two countries, especially in parliamentary affairs.

Bank organises course for Irbid branch

IRBID (Petra) — A training course for Housing Bank employees in Irbid Governorate opened here Saturday. Participants in the 10-day course will be oriented on modern trends in administration and organisational procedures to improve the skill and the efficiency of the bank's staff.

Researcher to lecture on amulets

AMMAN (J.T.) - On Jan. 12 at 7:00, the Goethe Institute in cooperation with the Yarmouk University Institute of Archaeology and Anthropology, will present an illustrated lecture by Dr. Birgit Mershen on Arab jewelry and amulets from Jordan. Dr. Mershen obtained her Ph.D. in Islamic studies and Islamic philology from Johannes-Gutenberg University in Mainz. Since 1984 she has been an assistant professor at Yarmouk University, and in 1985 she began conducting ethnographic field research in northern Jordan.

Jordan to attend talks on refugees

TUNIS (Petra) - Jordan will take part in a meeting of Arab countries hosting refugees, due to open on Monday at the Arab League headquarters in Tunis. The meeting will discuss developments in the Palestine issue, the general conditions in the occupied Arab territory and services offered to Palestine refugees by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA). Also on the agenda are Israel's attempts to infiltrate Africa and the Israeli occupation authorities' inhuman treatment of Palestinian people as well as Israel's settlement policies.

Jordan, Sudan sign trade agreement

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan and Sudan have signed a trade exchange agreement for a minimum of \$40 million, according to a report published Saturday in the local Arabic daily newspaper Al Dustour. About 200 Jordanin products and goods are included in the agreement exchanged for various Sudanese products. A Sudanese trade delegation is due in Amman in mid-February to implement this agreement, the report said.

Fewer companies registered in 1986

AMMAN (J.T.) — The number of companies registered at the Ministry of Industry and Trade during the first half of 1986 reached 1,197 with a total capital of JD 26.9 million, down from 1,136 companies with a total capital of JD 18.9 million registered during the same period of 1985, according to a report in the monthly local magazine Al Bina. The report added that the registered capital increased 40 per cent during the second half of 1986, compared to the same period in 1985. The number of various corporations licensed during the first half of 1986 was 981, of which 649 were trading corporations, 11 agricultural corporations and 124 contracting and 197 industrial corporations.

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Indebtedness examined

A two-day symposium on "Arab countries" foreign debts, and policies to be adopted in dealing with them" opens today under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. The symposium at the Plaza Hotel in Amman is organised by the Arab Thought Forum and will be attended by prominent officials and intellectuals from different Arab countries. It is hoped that the working papers and the research projects to be submitted to the meeting will not include a great deal of figures and statistics of which many people are well aware. Rather, our hope is to see papers concentrating attention on alternative options and policies available for the policy-makers, enabling them to find a way out of the present chronic financial problems which have now assumed crisis proportion, threatening Arab countries' very independence.

Although the world has become accustomed to regarding Arabs as being wealthy, with no clear thought about what to do with funds at their disposal, the harsh truth is that the Arab countries are in deep debt; estimates put these debts at between \$100 to \$150 billion. This is roughly equal to 15 per cent of the Third World's total debt, with the major brunt being shouldered by Arab non-oil producing countries.

Heavy foreign debt is an unhealthy sign for any economy. What is particularly disturbing is the example of those countries in Africa, Latin America and the Arab World where the service of foreign debts amounts to a high percentage of these countries' Gross National Product. What is more disturbing in most cases is the fact that many of the loans acquired by countries in the Third World had not gone for implementing income-generating economic projects that could help repay the debts.

Participants in today's symposium, representing the elite of Arab economists, bankers, and decision makers, possess such skills, qualifications and experience that prompt us to follow the deliberations with a great deal of attention and interest. We sincerely hope that the participants will arrive at practical conclusions that could help the Arab World in making the right decisions to solve their problems and in containing the looming crisis in their economies.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Iran continues aggression

TWO weeks following the last Iranian defeat in the battlefront, the Tehran regime launched a new offensive into Iraq. The continued and throwing into the incinerator more and more victims. The continued war clearly shows that the Tehran regime is afraid of peace and of the Iranian people who are bound to make them account for their evil deeds. The new offensive clearly indicates that the war mongers and the weapon dealers are continually pouring arms into Iran to fuel the conflict that is bound to further weaken Arab and Muslim nations. This war is needed to distract the Arabs and Muslims from Israel, the real danger and the threat to world peace. Had it not been for the continuous flow of arms into Iran over the past two years, the Tehran regime would not have pursued its expansionist objectives. The weapons come from those countries that have lost all credibility and above all lost the hope of ever imposing hegemony and domination over the people of the Middle East and the Gulf regions. The new offensive can by no means prevent the convening of an Islamic summit in Kuwait on Jan. 26 as the Tehran regime hopes to achieve, because the Iraqi armed forces are bound to crush the Iranian invaders. The incinerator which is being fed by the evil war mongers has helped only to burn up more and more victims of the Iranian people. It is high time for measures to be taken to stop the sale of arms to Iran and for punishing the criminals who try to do harm to the Arab and Islamic nations.

Al Dustour: Iran plots to sabotage summit

AS preparations are going ahead for holding an Islamic summit conference, the Iranians continue their drive to launch more military adventures into Iraqi territory only to be beaten back and to suffer more humiliating defeats. The new offensive followed futile attempts on the part of the Tehran regime to prevent the convening of the Islamic conference in Kuwait and represents another attempt by the Iranian rulers to exercise blackmail and threat against the Islamic countries intending to attend the summit. Having found itself totally isolated from the rest of the Islamic world, Iran has embarked on the new adventure hoping to embarrass the leaders meeting in Kuwait or to stall the conference. Of course Tehran has been preparing for this aggression for a long time and has massed huge forces along the battlefront for the sake of occupying Arab land and imposing domination on the Gulf. We strongly condemn the new Iranian aggression on Iraq, which has been intended to cause rifts in the ranks of the Islamic nation. But we are certain of the Iraqi victory over the invaders and we hope that the Iraqi people and armed forces will inflict more defeats on the Iranian adventurers. We also call on the Islamic nation to double its efforts to end the conflict and so deprive the enemies of Islam from reaping the fruit of their collusion and their plots against our nation. This futile war, as the Soviet Union lately declared, can only serve the interests of the United States and Israel, and all the enemies of stability, security and peace.

Sawt Al Shaab: Tehran sends more to the incinerator

IT seems certain that the Iranian troops taking part in the current offensive on Iraq are heading for an open graveyard, and it looks certain that the Tehran regime will suffer yet another shameful defeat at the hands of the Iraqi armed forces. The Iraqi armed forces and people are not only defending Iraqi territory but they are also protecting the entire Arab order. Iraqi military strategists and foreign military observers have been expecting such Iranian military adventures but they are also sure of the defeat of the Iranian forces like on previous occasions when the Iranians paid dearly with thousands of killed, wounded and imprisoned. Despite the setbacks. the Iranians are continuing the war in the Shatt Al Arab area which has been transformed into an incinerator swallowing up Iranian troops and military machines. The Tehran regime realises the strong Iraqi defences and yet it tends to send thousands of Iranian people to their death. If this war is not going to achieve a military success for the rulers in Tehran it will also certainly fail to achieve Iran's diplomatic attempt of cancelling the convening of the coming Islamic summit in

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Coping with ups and downs of oil price

OIL is probably the single most important factor influencing the Jordanian economy. When oil prices rocketted over two years ago we suffered because the bill for imported oil reached around \$600 million a year. Every dollar added to the price of a barrel of oil meant \$25 million added to the cost of imported oil to Jordan, Conversely, when the price of oil declined we also suffered because we received less Arab aid and the number of Jordanian expatriates in Gulf states decreased, and thus we received less remittances, exported less. This led us into recession, unemployment and bigger deficits.

As always though we could look at the positive side of things and notice that the Jordanian economy could no doubt benefit from cheaper oil prices because in this case we could save in our oil imports' bill and improve our balance of trade and our balance of payments. We could also benefit from higher prices in the form of more external jobs to our surplus manpower, more exports of our products to the Gulf markets, and possibly more Arab financial aid to

In general, however, cheaper prices of oil have direct and short term benefits. But they also have an indirect negative impact in the

longer run. Whichever direction the price of oil takes, we are influenced, whether we like it or not, as we live in the shadow of oil price fluctuations.

But that is only the external side of oil economics. On the international side we find that domestic prices are not directly connected to the international prices. Although domestic prices were raised several times, the last of which in the latter part of 1984, yet domestic prices were always below the cost. The government used to absorb the difference to the extent of approximately JD 50 million in 1983. Total subsidies in 10 years to 1985 reached approximately JD 300 million.

Based on the latest domestic fuel prices, the government would reach the break-even point if the price of the barrel stood at \$24. Since it dropped to an average of \$13 in 1986, the government was able to make windfall money for the first time to the extent of JD 90

million, which was the only bright spot in the budget of 1986. Now that the price is back to \$18 per barrel, and expected to stay there for the time being, the negative fuel subsidy will be slashed in half by almost \$125 million or JD 44 million.

On paper at least such an eventuality will not disturb Jordan's budget for 1987, which was based on 518 per barrel. Nevertheless it means that the government will not be able to . make available more than JD 45 million in 1987 to cover part of the big deficit expected in the budget.

Since the price of oil is so volatile, there would be no attempt to revise or reduce domestic prices, because stability of prices is much better than reducing prices of energy today and increasing them suddenly tomorrow.

The profits made by the government in 1986 together with those expected in 1987 will not exceed one half of the previous accumulated losses over the years to 1984. So, maintaining the current prices of energy in the domestic market is not adversely affecting the competitiveness of the productive sector, because the only item that is currently overcharged is the gasoline used by cars. All other forms of energy are priced at cost or close to cost. The motorists are thus the only group of fuel consumers that is currently contributing to the surplus.

Both sides of the divide would benefit from a more assertive Western Europe

By Helmut Schmidt

The following is the first in a two-part article that appeared recently in the West German newspaper, Die Zeit. The writer is former West German chancellor. The second part will appear in tomorrow's issue of the Jordan Times.

world wars to impress on Europeans the unity, over and above national diversity, of their columne, their values and their

Many Europeans feel European self-assertion is much more urgent today than it was in 1945, and more urgently needed than after Soviet intervention in the German Democratic Republic (GDR) in 1953, in Hungary in 1956 or in Czechoslovakia in 1968.

In 1945 those of us who care about the basic value of freedom the individual, which took historic shape in Europe, - and the values of democracy to which it gave rise — set out to establish a bulwark against the irresistible westward advance of the all-powerful state and the hegemony of the Russo-Soviet ideology of communism.

But in 1953, 1956 and 1968 we Europeans were teeth-gnashingly forced to realise that we were unable, without running the risk of a world war, to effectively challenge the rape of neighbouring European nations.

Thereafter, from the late 1960s until well into the second half of the 1970s, most people in both Eastern and Western Europe based their hopes on a balance of power between East and West, envisaged in terms of arms limitation agreements and treaties renouncing the use of force

They expected a resulting relaxation of tension in the wake of which they hoped to resume growing cultural, economic and political ties between Europeans on both sides.

These expectations were, to begin with, fulfilled, albeit hesitantly. But they were then dealt a painful damper by the hegemonial claims relaid by the USSR in Afghanistan in 1979 and in Poland in 1981.

As the U.S. leadership abandoned its policy of detente too, a new situation dawned on Europeans, with the military hegemonial power of the Soviet Union facing the leading Western power, America, on a bipolar basis and neither paying much heed to its allies.

houriest resceizuth or me mo superpowers has faced growing mistrust since the beginning of the 1980s.

Reykjavik increased this alarm, with neither superpower creating the impression of pursuing a deliberate strategy and neither leader seeming to have mentioned European interests.

The Reykjavik meeting highlighted both the possible advantages and, more clearly still, the grave risks inherent in negotiations for which there have been no careful advance preparations by diplomats.

The so-called experts in Washington, Moscow, Brussels and Bonn have since soon set about dismantling, or hedging with illusory provisos, some of the far-reaching agreements the two leaders surprisingly mapped out in the Icelandic capital. It was a mistake on Mr.

Gorbachev's part to want to take Mr. Reagan by surprise with a comprehensive package of proposals

The U.S. president's mistake was to promptly take him up on the offer, without pausing for thought and without consulting his An even graver mistake was the

impression President Reagan conveyed of viewing any kind of progress on arms limitation as less important than swift implementation of SDI, his

On SDI both sides suppressed important facts. Moscow made two points: that SDI couldn't possibly work and that it mustn't be allowed to happen.
In point of fact Moscow has

been researching and developing comparable weapons systems for

In 1972, when SDI still went by the name of ABM, both Mr. Brezhnev and President Nixon well knew that neither could ever push the other into a corner again. The Soviet Union has never yet had to accept a Western military-technical advantage for longer than three or four years. Aircraft carriers merely appeared to disprove this point, Moscow first having to build up a sizable fleet of its own.

At times the Soviets have even had the edge. The T 34 was more than a match for Hitler's tanks. The Soutnik led the world. So, arguably, do Soviet laser weapons today

Failing reciprocal treaty commitments to arms limitation. Mr. Gorbachev will simply go ahead with a Soviet SDI, calling on Soviet citizens to make extra

economic sacrifices if need be. Yet he is not admitting anything of the kind. If he did, the effective accusations he has levelled at President Reagan on TV would forfeit part of their credibility.

Mr. Reagan's experts are well aware of this fact, but the President is not letting on, as otherwise his utopia of final, comprehensive protection for the American people would forfeit part of its credibility.

Both leaders have long known that SDI or ABM can at best provide protection for a few areas,.. as the aggressor could at no great expense double and redouble the number of warheads in his strategic missiles and, by saturation, potentially overtax the complicated and extremely expensive SDI systems.

Both sides already have tens of thousands of nuclear warheads stockpiled.

required would be enormous. The popiections from the powerful United States invests between sixel: Soviet military-industrial complex and seven per cent of GNP a year if they were to be accepted by in military spending, the Soviet America to any great extent. Mr.
Union between 12 and 14 per Gorbachev is unlikely yet to enjoy

Mr. Gorbachev would prefer not to have to set aside for the military an even larger share of Soviet productive capacity.

In Washington there are, in

contrast, some officials who hope to wage a war of economic attrition they are convinced America could win.

In fact Mr. Reagan has far overtaxed America's savings and capital commitment potential since 1982 with his budget

In 1982 the United States needed no net capital inflow from abroad to finance domestic borrowing requirements. Today well over \$100bn a year comes from the rest of the world.

America's foreign debt is increasing fast, and with it the risk of fresh dollar inflation.

President Reagan will leave his country at least \$500bn in debt. This burden could even jeopardise the dollar's status as an international reserve currency.

If Washington seriously intends taking up economic cudgels with the Soviet Union there will be no alternative to a drastic increase in taxation. In point of fact the administration's intention is

Those who have read David Stockman's unashamedly indiscreet book about his years in President Reagan's White House will not need to exert themselves intellectually to imagine what state arms control strategy is in.

A variety of groups are strenuously engaged in fighting each other. So America is largely negotiating with itself, while the president's brilliant TV performances maintain the administration's credibility with

brilliant TV performer. He is the first Soviet leader since Lenin to personally speak with effect to the Soviet general public. In the process he carefully takes

Mr. Gorbachev is an equally

his effect in Europe, East and West, into account. Like Mr. Reagan, he has his domestic difficulties. For many

reasons his economic reform is making slow headway. He has yet to mobilise any of the resources so far used by the military. But his breathtaking Reykjavik The economic sacrifices in proposals would probably trigger

> a clear maiority. The talks abandoned in anger

(on both sides) in Reykjavík and the breakdown of subsequent talks between Mr. Shultz and Mr. Shevardnadze in Vienna can (still) be made good. But if they are, the governments

of Western Europe will need to articulate the interests of the Old World now, and to do so intelligently, powerfully and in

What American viewers fail to see on TV exerts little or no influence on President Reagan. European newspapers, with the exception of the Financial Times and The Economist, and European parliamentary debates are paid little or no attention in Washington.

The interests of non-nuclear states in Western Europe in no way categorically differ from those of nuclear have-nots in Eastern Europe. They are: First: arms limitation to

stabilise armaments at a rough

Second: total elimination of. above all, Eurostrategic nuclear weapons (INF. or medium-range missiles), as envisaged by both sides in Reykjavík, accompanied by a freeze in stocks of short-range nuclear weapons and a joint declaration of intent to negotiate soon on their reduction in

number. Third: pressure on both sides to abide by the provisions of the ABM Treaty and to limit their

SDI programmes accordingly. Fourth: approximate numerical parity in conventional forces in Eastern and Western Europe.

Inasmuch as the superpowers succeed in making at least part of their respective territory invulnerable to attack by the other side's nuclear missiles (and that is a moot point and likely to remain one for many years to come), the relative vulnerability of all European territory, East or West. would further increase.

Strategic defence against medium-or short-range nuclear weapons stationed in Europe and aimed at European targets is technically inconceivable.

That is why a new SDI or ABM ensure that these valves are not in arms race would run counter to the vital interests of all Europeans.

Mr. Reagan's SDI option will play for as long as Mr. Gorbachev has not drawn level.

But Western European influence on U.S. strategy has long ceased to be strong enough to incorporate SDI in a wideranging Soviet Union.

President Reagan failed to consult his European allies prior to Reykjavik, merely briefing them afterwards.

There can be no question of Western Europe asserting its interests on its own. Paris, London, Rome and Bonn lack the means of arriving at a joint viewpoint for one. They also lack courage.

European defence ministers as a body tend to brake arms limitation talks. Their views mainly coincide with those of NATO's Supreme Allied 'Commander in Europe - and he is an American.

For the states of Eastern Europe there has seldom since the Second World War been an opportunity of self-assertion for strategic interests of their own. Eastern Europe has constantly

This applies to economic structure, monetary, finance and

trade policies. By means of the treaty provisions of the Council for Mutual Economic Cooperation (Comecon) they form part of a network of strictly bilateral trade agreements, with fixed prices and strict bilateral balancing of trade accounts, to the Soviet Union's

advantage. There is no common market in goods or products within Comecon. There is not even a ioint and multilateral account currency. There is certainly no such thing as a common finance

market. The benefits of a conceivable system of sharing out investment and production between Comecon countries in relation to comparative cost are unknown in the East Bloc and therefore go unused.

Eastern European countries' trade with the West and with the rest of the world provides small and limited emergency valves. Moscow takes good care to

The relative small proportion of

a position to assume strategic economic significance. Yet indirectly Eastern Europe

derived definite benefit from the only be a negotiating card he can decade of treaties and detente negotiated by the Soviet Union and the Atlantic alliance from the late-1960s to the late-1970s. The Conference on Security

and Cooperation in Europe concept for negotiations with the (CSCE), at which all European states except Albania were represented in Helsinki in 1975, was the climax of the detente era.

Helsinki provided the countries of Eastern Europe with an opportunity of making a public appearance on their own behalves and of giving expression, cautious and only verbal maybe, to their own interest in arms limitation and economic cooperation.

The Helsinki review conferences since held in Madrid, Stockholm and Vienna have become largely entangled in the bureaucratic, diplomatic undergrowth.

The decline in Mr. Brezhnev's leadership, which grew steadily more apparent from 1978, and the subsequent cataract of gerontocracy in Moscow (Andropov and Chemenko) did not improve the Eastern European countries' chances of been subjected to Soviet asserting their own interests.

War, political violence kill 8,000 Americans in 1986 Central incapable of delivering a knockout

By Bernd Debusmann Reuser

MEXICO CITY — Wars and political violence killed about 8,000 Central-Americans in 1986 — 22 every day — despite a decline in the death toll in two of the three countries fighting

insurgencies.
For the first time, both El Salvador and Guatemala reported a decrease in the number of people killed in fighting between government forces and left-wing guerrillas.

But in Nicaragua, where the Sandinista government battles against United States -backed inhtist rebels, the death toll continued to climb.

According to figures given by Archbishop Arturo Rivera Y. Damas, the head of El Salvador's Roman Catholic Church, the war between the U.S.-supported government of President Jose Napoleon Duarte and guerrillas of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN) caused 1,725 casualties - dead and

'disappeared" — in 1986. The corresponding church figure for 1985 was 1,913. El Salvador's overall death toll since 1979, when the country slid into civil war, is now estimated at operations to prove themselves 64,000. Many victims in previous years were killed by rightist death squads, whose activities dropped

sharply in 1986. In Guatemala, military sources put the toll from war-related

first year of democratic military force alone. government under President Vinicio Cerezo. It was the lowest figure reported in a decade. In Nicaragua, Defence Minister

Humberto Örtega said that 1,019 government troops and about. 4,000 rebels had been killed in 1986. Officials said at least 300 civilians also bad died.

The reported total of over 5,300, compared with 4,608 in 1985, reflects a steady increase in the level of fighting between the army and insurgent forces pledged to topple the ruling Sandinista National Liberation Front (FSLN).

According to Sandinista figures, rebel losses rose from 40 dead in 1981, to 337 in 1982, 1,853 in 1983, 3,017 in 1984, and more than 4,000 in 1985.

Both the Sandinistas and the guerrrillas, known as contras from the Spanish word for counter-revolutionary, expect a sharp upsurge in fighting this year as weapons and supplies from a \$100 million U.S. aid package reach the rebels.

Military experts in Central America say the contras, who so far have not achieved any of their stated objectives, feel under pressure to stage significant worthy of continued U.S. assistance.

Although the nature and intensity of Central America's conflicts differ, analysts say they have one thing in common: They violence at about 900 in 1986, the are unlikely to be solved by

Guatemala's guerrillas have survived three decades of army campaigns which included 'scorched earth' operations aimed at destroying the rural support base of the rebels. In the early 1980s, army units burned down entire villages expected of harbouring guerrillas.

In the first year of an operation dubbed "Bullets and Beans" in 1983, human rights organisations said between 3,000 and 5,000 peasants were massacred. But the guerrillas fight on, "down but not out," as one diplomat put it.
In El Salvador, officials and

diplomats say they can imagine guerrilla bands still fighting in the year 2000 because the army is

blow to insurgent forces. The rebels lack the strength to seriously challenge the U.S.-supported army. Politically, neither they nor the government have been willing to budge from irreconcilable conditions.

Last November, the London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies, a widely-respected think-tank on military affairs, said the wars in El Salvador and Nicaragua were stalemated because none of the antagonists enjoyed a clear advantage.

Even big increases in arms and men failed to break the stalemate. and combat aircraft, have El Salvador's army has grown continued despite urgent pleas

from 15,000 in 1980 to 52,000 today. In Nicaragua, the rebel force has grown to about 18,000 from a few hundred in 1982 and the army has multiplied tenfold to over 64,000.

Latin American diplomats blame this on the superpowers. They say that while the United States pumped billions of dollars in arms and aid to the government of El Salvador and the Nicaraguan contras, the Soviet Union helped build the Nicaraguan army into the biggest

Supplies, from bullets and mortars to helicopter gunships

in the region.

from eight Latin American countries for an end to, outside intervention and a ban on arms shipments to Central America.

The eight countries - Mexico, Panama, Venezuela, Colombia, Argentina, Peru, Brazil and Uniguay — are engaged in a diplomatic effort to work out negotiated solutions for Central America.

The secretaries general of the United Nations and the Organisation of American States (OAS) are scheduled to join foreign ministers of the eight countries on a peace mission, to Central America in mid-January. Their prospects of success are

Kohl's nationhood drive sparks election debate

By Paul Holmes Reuter

new sense of national identity is policy. stirring a heated debate in West Germany's election campaign about how far the country can go in breaking free of the Nazi past.

The chancellor's vision of a more self-assured West Germany appears to appeal to voters, who opinion polls predict will give Kohl's centre-right coalition government a solid majority in the general election on January 25. But it has outraged the opposition Social Democratic Josef Strauss have said repeatedly

brand Kohl's scheme a thinly-veiled populist attempt to BONN - A conservative drive bury the legacy of Nazism and give by Chancellor Helmut Kohl for a a new, nationalist hue to foreign

"You want to remove the mark of Cain, Mr. Chancellor, you want to break the chain of history," SPD campaign manager Peter Glotz told Kohl during a recent parliamentary debate.

Such charges are vehemently rejected by Kohl and officials of his Christian Democratic Union (CDU) and its Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU) sister party. But Kohl and CSU leader Franz

in their campaigns that the time has come for West Germans to (SPD) and Greens parties, which take a more forward-looking view

"Without denying the lessons of history, we must finally step out of the shadows of the third reich," Strauss told a CDU rally in Dortmund recently, "We need a normal, self-confident national identity," Strauss said.

Kohl, 56, has spoken in similar terms, urging West Germans to consider German history as a whole rather than just the 12 dark years of the third reich.

"He frequently uses the term "vaterland" (fatherland), long-spurned because of its associations with Nazism, and

makes the point that he, like the majority of West Germans, belongs to a later generation. The nationalism debate has

been fuelled by Kohl's charge at the Dommund rally that East Germany runs concentration camps for political prisoners and his analogy between Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev and Nazi propaganda boss Josef Goebbels. The remarks, which have

strained ties with East Berlin and Moscow, are claimed by the SPD and Greens as evidence that Kohl is deliberately breaking long-standing taboos to attract votes from disaffected right-wing nationalists.

A postman who found a way to clean dirty water

By Michael Jach

A HUNDRED years ago, when the industrial revolution was at its height, all the world admired an inventor, the kind of man who could be sent into the woods with a tin can and come back with a locomotive.

In our times, when environmental protection is the thing, all the world hopes that the boffins will be able to master dust, dirt and poisons, because, despite everything, machines still produce

Twelve or thirteen years ago, a postman who became a draughtsman at a water-purification plant locked himself away in his cellar with an old washing machine.

Ralf F. Piepho, from the town of Bredenbeck am Diester, near, Hanover, came up with a system for cleaning waste water heavily impregnated with chemicals, the bane of life for every chemicals plant manager. The effectiveness of his system was astonishing.

Self-educated Piepho's invention could handle varnish sludge, hydraulic oil emulsion containing PCB, liquid manure, even seepages containing dioxine such as was found at the Lower Saxony dump at Muchenhagen.

The secret of Piepho's success was kaolin and absorbit — and his discoveries are well protected. He has taken out more than 50 letters patent.

These were the foundations on which he was able to establish his own company in 1975, which now employs 40.

For the layman his discovery can be explained in this manner: kaolin, ground up finely or absorbit, is used to split up aqueous emulsion containing

harmful waste in a chain reaction, separating the water and absorbing the harmful chemical particles into the microscopic pores and capillaries of the minerals. They are then spun into watertight cocoons.

The water remaining is so harmless that it can be pumped directly into rivers or streams, or into a purification plant to produce potable water. Many industrial firms, using the Piepho system, recycle the water for further use in their own systems.

Piepho's chief chemist, Michael Kertess, saw a further possibility of economies by producing raw materials from the retrieved chemical byproducts.

Using the Piepho system liquid manure, produced in considerable quantities in agricultural Lower Saxony, is turned into an odourless fertiliser powder that releases nitrates gradually into the soil. It is good for the soil and does not harm the water table.

Piepho, 47, has been very successful. His company, Piepho Abwassertechnik GmbH, has doubled its turnover every year since it was started - sales are now DM30m. The company has subsidiaries in Italy, Switzerland, the USA and its list of customers includes many renowned names in

He had two ideas that were a long way away from his training as a draughtsman. He is a man who cannot sit still and he pours forth his ideas in a torrent.

He brooded over the blueprints for a purification plant, resolving that biology alone could not achieve everything. Chemical-physical systems would have to be applied to much Second, when watching a tunnel being built he saw how clay was layered into the water channels of a mountain.

He said: "Then the penny dropped," and he hauled the disused washing machine out of its corner and began his investigations.

But how does an ordinary postman become an industrial designer? Ralf Piepho laughed, scarcely concealing his pride in his achievements.

He was at elementary school in the "bad times" after the war. His teacher urgently advised his father to send his son to high school (Gymnasium), telling him that his son had considerable abilities.

But Piepho's father, also a postman, was more concerned with a secure job for his son, so Raif began his career behind the counter in the post office in the Hanover suburb of Linden.

When he left the postal service in 1962 he had been able to rise to the postal building department in the Hanover headquarters, because of his considerable talents as a draughtsman.

He went to night school while working in a construction engineering office. Eventually he became a qualified draughtsman. In 1971 he went self-employed and was given work by his previous employers, the construction engineers.

His career from then on was classically American, from office boy to company president.

The first prototype unit for his purification system was built in 1974 at the Volkswagen factory in Salzgitter.

He fitted an oil trap with his system. With the technology of the time the system was constructed to purify grease from cleaning water used on engines, as well as the



cooling emulsion used in drilling

and grinding. This waste water was continuously the subject of

complaint by environmental protection ists. His success earned him a

three-year contract to supply his system. This was the basis for the foundation of his company. Piepho Abwasswertechnik. Today about ten per cent of his turnover is done with the VW workshops.

News about its product percolated through the automobile industry, among workshops, petrol stations and carwashing companies. The system was just as effective with varnish and paint sediment from car spraying sheds.

Paint sludge could be neutralised so that it was no longer an environmental hazard.

In the glass industry his purification accessory contributed to economies in three ways; the costs for waste management, used in workshops used for water used in production degreasing and painting weapons.

Glass particles can be separated from the cooling water used for grinding glass and the particles can be re-cycled in the glass-smelting process.

The purified water used for grinding, which previously had to be changed and purified once a week could now remain in the circulation system.

processes and with raw materials.

According to Piepho, a filter system of this type pays for itself within eighteen months. He said: "Environmental protection must not be expensive. Money can be saved by applying environmental protection measures."

He has customers among the armed services. The naval bases in

Wilhelmshaven and Kiel use the Piepho system to purify warships' bilge water. The system is also

including military vehicles. Ralf Piepho said: "On all sides there are calls to protect the North Sea from pollution from shipping. I have valuable know-how for

A little while ago the West German air force was horrified to discover that its airfields were impregnated with polychloride biphenyl (PCB) from hydraulic and lube oil used in aircraft turbines.

Piepho now has contracts to clean up six military airfields." We do not need an advertising campaign," he said, "Word quickly gets around that we have to offer what people need" - Die

powerful agency could carry out

justly benefitting from its

CAMPFIRE is strongly

The Zimbabwean experience

parliament.

nominating the Oscar entry, said

Israeli film on Egyptian soldiers sparks furore

By Galina Vromen

JERUSALEM - A new Israeli film portraying two lost Egyptian soldiers as heroes and Israelis as crude and aggressive has pulled in big audiences but roused a furore in high political circles.

"Avanti Popolo" began as a low-budget anti-war film with virtually unknown actors directed by young novice Rafi Bukace.

It has since swept through local cinemas, won first prize in a film festival in Locamo. Switzerland, and been nominated by Israel as its entry in the foreign film category for the U.S. Oscar awards.

Some politicians - including hawkish retired General Ariel Sharon - have assailed the movie, saying it portrayed Jewish self-hate and self-destruction.

Bukaee has insisted in nterviews on radio and television that the film was apolitical and was never intended to show Israel in a critical light.

"I absolutely did not want to nake yet another film about Arab-Jewish relations," he said. The film underscores the absurdity of war by following the

route of two Egyptian soldiers who encounter an Israeli patrol unit while trying to find their way home from the Sinai desert after the 1967 Middle East war. The movie was named for the

famous Italian revolutionist song Avanti Popolo (forward, the people) which Bukaee says he often sang as a child in an Ísraeli youth movement.

"I remember we would walk towards the sunset and sing it in ecstasy – without understanding a word of it. It stayed with me ... as a central motif of how people march and sing without understanding a thing," he said.

In parliament, right-wing Likud politician Uzi Landau initiated a debate to protest against the choice of the film to represent Israel in the Oscars, calling its submission "an international triptease."

"It is one thing to see a film or play like this within Israel, and quite another to show it abroad. It is symptomatic of the disease in our country of self-hate and self-flagellation," he told

Sharon, now head of the Industry Ministry responsible for

he did not approve of the film's selection by an independent panel of artists. He said he saw it as part of widespread alienation among Israelis.

"It comes from a much more serious, basic problem, of a constant devouring of all that is Jewish - a non-stop self-destruction that has been going on for years. It is not this or that film, we see it in everything.'

he said. Most movie critics have been enthusiastic. "It is funny, absurd. ironic and surrealist ... there's never been another Israeli war film like it," the newspaper Maariv wrote.

In one poignant scene the Egyptians, who have abandoned their weapons and are close to dying of thirst, approach the Israeli unit, basking in victory and firing pot shots.

The Egyptians lunge for the Israelis' water container, and are repeatedly and brutally pulled

In desperation, one of the Egyptians, an actor in civilian life. recites Shylock's plea in Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice" in which the Jewish merchant asks to be treated humanely and without discrimination.

"What's he saying?" asks one Israeli soldier in Hebrew.

"He's gotten his role confused." answers his more educated superior. "Give him water."

The ironies continue. When the Israelis try to sneak away from the tag-along Egyptians, they are unable to read an Arabic sign warning against a mine field and

are blown up. Some critics have faulted the film for inaccuracy. The Egyptians, played by Israeli Arab actors Salim Dawd and Suhil Haddad, speak the Arabic of Palestine's Galilee region rather than Egyptian Arabic.

A love letter they find in the pocket of one of their fallen colleagues is far more sexually explicit than common in Arab cultures.

Bukace says this only emphasises his universal

messaage. "The Egyptian soldiers could have been Indians or Dutchmen. This is an international story of all

soldiers anywhere in the world who write to their lovers, miss them and want to go home." he

the necessary conservation for the nation. But in the long run. Initially, both the U.S. and massive reafforestation into cooperatives, everyone as a subject on the school habitat. conservation will work only when having an equal share. Each One method used to promote programme is under way in curriculum. Italian governments had Zimbabwe, as part of a broader interest in the tree-planting The reafforestation campaign is expressed interest in backing the member would be paid a dividend each community has a direct stake in managing the resources and

By Dingaan Mpondah

HARARE, Zimbabwe - A campaign to make people responsible for their environment. Every able-bodied citizen is being urged to plant at least one tree a year. Just about everybody, from white-collared business. peasants down to five-year-old

schoolchildren is involved. The target for 1986 was 12 million trees, nearly half of them the responsibility of 5,500 schools. When the scheme first got off the ground in 1984, a thousand schools participated, with collaboration from the Ministry of Education and sponsorship from Red Barna, the Norwegian Save the Children Fund. Each school was provided with about 1,000 eucalyptus trees. The schoolchildren were urged to plant and nurture the new trees.

and to cherish their environment. Eventually, every school and public institution in Zimbabwe will be expected to play its role in the campaign. Meanwhile, the

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best to plant indigenous trees so as to protect the country's natural

Protecting the environment:

scheme has been an annual school competition, won in 1985 by the Nyika Primary School. Speaking that survive, not necessarily the number that are planted.

"In the past 25 years, half the disappeared." he said. everyone's responsibility to ensure that every tree planted is cared for, weeded, watered and protected." Dr. Mutumbuka added: "My Ministry, through these competitions, is determined to plant many trees to cater for industries, mining and manufacturing purposes; for firewood, for fruit or beauty, for shelter and for the protection of

our water supplies." Illustrated pamphlets are being distributed to every school in the country, explaining in detail to the

By Benedicte Meyssan

The Paris Opera School of Dance, founded in 1713 by Louis XIV,

has been directed with a master hand since 1972 by Claude Bessy, who joined the school at the age of 9, and was appointed a Star

dancer in 1956. She suffered a serious road accident, but, with

extraordinary determination, took up her roles at the opera again

eight months later and was a triumph in Maurice Ravel's Bolero. Benedicte Meyssan: The Paris Opera School of Dance is the

oldest institution of its kind. How does one go about joining? Claude Bessy: Some have a vocation. Others saw a ballet

performance which made them want to go in for dancing. They then take lessons in an outside school and if they show talent, their

teachers direct them to the Opera. But, above all, it is a desire, a

will. You can't force someone to be a dancer. It's too difficult a

B.M.: How old are the youngest dancers at the Opera?

Claude Bessy: I find that they need to have some notion of dance at the age of eight or nine. It's quite sufficient. One sees too many children (girls and boys), who begin to dance at the age of four. You need to know your body to be a dancer.

Claude Bessy: They participate in the ballet performances, and

also, every year, they do 6 to 8 shows. We have our own repertoire. We also organise tours. We have been to Japan. We

have a project next year for New-York and we are going to Japan

B.M.: In 1987, the school is moving to new premises in

Claude Bessy: Our studios are too small. We have no

cloakrooms, showers or boarding facilities. The dancing lessons

are given at the opera, but the students follow ordinary lessons in

the Rue de Surene or at the Lycee Racine. Students from the

provinces are housed in two apartments which we rent in the Rue

B.M.: On what occasions do the students perform?

Nanterre. Why has this decision been taken?

The Paris Opera School of Dance

authorities are experimenting how children why trees and country's conservation venture reafforestation are so important. Conservation may soon be added

at the prize-giving ceremony, the environment. For some time, it Development is looking for a Minister of Education, Dr., has been trying to enlighten the suitable replacement donor. Dzingai Mutumbaka, said that the masses about the long-term. The conservation has been executives, factory workers and success of the programme would adverse effects not only of the dubbed CAMPFIRE, which be judged by the number of trees random felling of trees, but also of stands for the Communal Area world's forest cover has staple food, has hitherto been million people could benefit t especially

> banks of streams. Now noticeboards are prominently displayed in strategic places, prohibiting people from cultivating less than 30 metres away from streambanks and on or near watersheds. A special taskforce was set up, armed with machetes, to cut down the crops belonging to people who flouted this rule.

Other government employees are working on an elaborate wildlife, which should make the poaching disappear.

unique in Africa - provided the necessary funds are available.

just one element in a broader programme, but the deal fell effort by the Government to save through, so the Ministry of Zimbabwe's fast-deteriorating Finance, Economic Planning and

unplanned crop cultivation. Management Programme for Unauthorised cultivation, Indigenous Resources, It is especially of maize, the country's estimated that as many as two directly from it when it is fully operational. The principal airos are to reduce the problems of poaching and overgrazing and to protect natural resources through proper land management.

The idea is that local people should develop the ability to manage and benefit from the communal natural resources in the area. The scheme provides a sound basis for improving land management and the utilisation of wildlife resources in a way that strategy to conserve Zimbabwe's should make the need for

de Clichy. It had become essential to group everyone together, so

as to keep the time of work adequate and, above all, to enable the

students to enjoy some relaxation time, which is necessary in the

Claude Bessy: Not many more. The school has been created to

give dancers to the corps de ballet in priority. We foresee a

maximum of 20 extra students. I would like to try to open a special

class so that children who come from the provinces or from abroad

can catch up with the required level, if they have the necessary

B.M.: What age of students would this class be intended for?

Claude Bessy: It is generally the case for students from 17 to

Claude Bessy: We have a video department at the school. The

children learn to correct themselves and to distinguish between

what is well done and what isn't. It is an education of the eye.

which is very important. It also allows us to keep a living memory

B.M.: When dancers have finished their careers at the opera,

Claude Bessy: For the moment, nothing is being done to

redirect dancers who have reached the age of forty. We have put

forward propolsals. We hope the government will study them. The dancers have a potential which they have stored up for 30

years, whether it is about lighting, management, costumes,

photography or video. They know how all that works. It just needs

a bit of polishing up. A photographer, for instance, makes a

considerable amount of waste. He doesn't have a dancer's eye. He

doesn't know which is the exact moment to seize. There is still a

lot to do. The Paris Opera ballet corps is, at present, considered as

being the best on an international level, but we have to continue to

progress. The world of dance is continually evolving.

qualities to be dancers of the Paris Opera standard.

B.M.: Will you take on more students?

B.M.: Do you use audiovisual means?

what do they do on a professional level?

Under pilot projects planned date has been to assume that a for Binga, Gokwe and Omay, local people would be organised from the total money accrued from the culling of animals, tanning of hides or the leasing of grazing land. Although CA MPFIRE could in principle be applied to any communal area, it will mainly be directed at communities in the northern region, where there are few extensive arable lands and poor

communications. The programme involves local communities taking over four main indigenous resources: wildlife, forestry, grazing and sometimes led to over-exploitation. Besides, as a paper from the Department of

infrastructure and

founded on the tenets of the World Conservation Strategy produced in 1980 by the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources (IUCN) - and fully recognises the need to promote appropriate resource management in development.

The government realises that the programme cannot, of course, water. Individual ownership of be forced on people, and that local such resources in the past has communities must be consulted about how best to implement it. The chief ecologist in the Department of National Parks, National Parks states: "These resources belong to the principal aim of the programme is community at large, and the not to lay down the law for responsibility for managing them communities, but rather to get their participation and strengthen should lie with the community." their participation and strengthen
The document goes on: "A their position by promoting basic flaw in the philosophy to self-reliance" - Earthscan

Looking into the future is not so far-out

By Harry F. Rosenthal

WASHINGTON - There's a communal bathtub in your future.

At least the World Future Society thinks so. It also believes that 100 years from now, a single city might have more than 100 million inhabitants and that cars will have a

quarter-century lifespan and that prisoners will be guarded by robots. In short, the World Future Society — true to its name — is far

out in its thinking. As the society issued its annual forecasts, the 10 determined to be the most thought-provoking submitted by its membership, founder Edward Cornish was asked if any of them had ever come true.

He said the society hadn't been doing them long enough for a good reading on that - it's only the third year - but that futurists in general had been mighty wrong in the past as well as mighty right. "Where they were wrong in

recent years is in missing some very important developments," said Cornish, who edits the society's magazine "The Futurist "As far as I know, no futurist

anticipated AIDS. In common with the rest of society they didn't anticipate the development of the computer. "Even when it became clear that the computer was going to be

an important instrument of society and a major impact in our lives in the 1960s, futurists failed to anticipate how powerful it would prove, how it was going to be shrunk from the computers in the 1940s to the tiny size and extreme power of today's microcomputer. And they didn't anticipate how rapidly prices would fall,"

But, Cornish said, futurists have been on the mark in other areas.

For instance, they have long sounded the alarm concerning the problems of pollution. They accurately predicted landings on the moon and called attention to

limitations of resources. This year's forecasts, for example, may not be so far-out: "By the end of the next century, a single city may have more than

100 million inhabitants" says forecast No.1. Mexico City already leads all others with 18 million people and is growing, Cornish said. By the year 2000 that number is projected at 26 million, and

Cornish said new technology will

permit cities that will go as deep

into the ground as they go high, to accommodate even more people. The sharp increases in sexually transmissible diseases will result in a new victorianism" in which both men and women avoid casual sex," the forecast says. Comish explains that many homosexuals have become celibate because they fear AIDS, or Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome, and that heterosexuals are slow to realise it can affect them too. "They are going to have to go on

a major way," he said. As for the bathtub: in some places a two-person tub aiready is the wave of the future and that will give way, the society says, "to a pool in which a whole family can bathe together or a group of children can play."

adapting and changing lifestyles in

The electronic prison guards will be devices that sound an alarm if the prisoner strays off the

Cornish says it doesn't take any particular training to become a futurist, it can be anyone "who takes a longer term view fairly

seriously." He stresses that what the society does every year-end is to make forecasts.



again in 1989.

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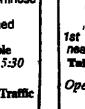
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JL 638968

Oxford and Charlton exit unexpectedly from FA Cup

away because of a steep increase

in entrance prices - a place

standing on the terraces cost £9

But those who attended were

well rewarded. Defender Colin

Smith headed Aldershot ahead

after six minutes and Glen Burvill

and Bobby Barnes added second

Irish international striker John

Aldridge, due to join Liverpool in

a £750,000 (\$1.15 million) deal

next month was substituted 20

minutes from time after failing to

Charlton's home defeat by Walsall attracted another small

crowd - only 4,541 - but

Walsall's fans went home happy

after seeing their team come from

behind to win. It was Charlton's

lowest home crowd for an F.A.

in the eighth minute, but David

Kelly equalised with a 15-metre

shot after 34 minutes. After

absorbing heavy Charlton

pressure, Walsall scored the

Shakespeare in the 73rd minute.

out a thrilling 2-2 draw in which

Vilia equalised through Steve

the hosts' Eino, headed the ball

towards his own goal and Masri's

Mohammad Said had only to

make sure with a stretched foot.

touch was pivotal in Zamalek's

African Champions' Cup triumph

last month, restored the guests'

lead three minutes before the

Hamid, an opportunist with an

eye for half chances, made it 3-1

shortly after the break. He stole a

back pass from defender Sayed

Abdul Latif, dribbled past

goalkeeper Adel Abdul Monaim

and sent the ball into the empty

Ismaili of the Suez Canal city of

Ismailia, less than a week after

beating then-leader National in a

major upset, was held to a

scoreless draw at home by lowly

interval with a header.

Hamid, whose goal-scoring

winner through Craig

Aston Villa and Chelsea fought

Mark Stuart put Charlton ahead

have one shot at goal.

Cup tie since 1927.

LONDON (R) — Championship leader Arsenal cruised to a 3-1 victory at Second Division Reading Saturday, but fellow First Division clubs Charlton and Oxford were knocked out of the Football Association (F.A.) Cup by teams from the lower

(\$14).

half goals.

Oxford was soundly beaten 3-0 club's regular supporters stayed at Fourth Division Aldershot in the most unexpected result of Saturday's weather-hit third round ties while Charlton lost 2-1 at home to Third Division Walsall after leading 1-0.

Two other First Division clubs, Norwich and Wimbledon. required late goals to avoid similar embarrassments against more modest opponents.

Norwich's Kevin Drinkell equalised in the 87th minute against Second Division Huddersfield and Wimbledon's Lawrie Sanchez and Glyn Hodges scored a goal each in the last three minutes to give their team a 2-1 win over Second Division Sunderland.

Arsenal's Scottish international striker Charlie Nicholas scored twice at Reading where Martin Hayes added Arsenal's third with a penalty, his eighth among the 15 goals he has scored this season.

The highly-rated Trevor Senior equalised Nicholas' opening goal in the first half, but succeeded only in stimulating the gunners to a high-powered second-half

response.
Aldershot's giant-killing act, one of the most famous cup wins in the club's history, was watched by a crowd of only I,966. Many of the

CAIRO (R) - African champion

Zamalek, its eyes now set on the

Egyptian League title, moved to

the top of the 12-team table for

the first time this season with a 3-1

away win against Al Masri of Port

points tally to 18 from nine

matches, one ahead of city rival

National, who entertains Ittihad

Striker Nasr Ibrahim, back in

action after several months on the

substitutes' bench, opened the

score for Zamalek in the 23rd

minute when he recovered a

header by Gamal Abdul Hamid

which bounced off the right post.

for being hard to beat at home,

pulled the score level 15 minutes

ater. Zamalek's defender Khaled

Galal, misjudging a long ball by

Masri, fast-losing its reputation

The Cairo side's victory took its

Said Friday night.

of Alexandria.

Zamalek leads Egypt's soccer

league after 3-1 away win

John Bumstead and David Speedie put Chelsea on top after Scottish midfielder Neale Cooper had scored his first goal for Villa. Scottish international striker Graeme Sharp scored twice as cup favourite Everton had little trouble in beating Southampton 2-1. Gordon Hobson replied.

Manchester United beat its great rival Manchester City 1-0 with a goal from Northern Ireland international Norman Whiteside and Queen's Park Rangers recovered well to topple Leicester

Alan Smith shot Leicester ahead, but England defender Oxford was well beaten and Terry Fenwick led a great fightback with two goals and further efforts from Sammy Lee, Robbie James and John Byrne ensured a big win. Gary McAllister scored Leicester's

second. Tottenham had to dig into deep tradition for cup soccer to beat Fourth Division Scunthorpe 3-2. Gary Mabbutt put the Londoners ahead, but Steve Johnson equalised only four minutes later and it was not until Nico Claesen and Chris Waddle scored in the second half that Spurs were able to

Coventry had no such trouble against Third Division Bolton. Goals from Dave Bennett, Greg Downs and Cyrille Regis gave it a 3-0 win.

In Scotland, Rangers reduced Celtic's championship lead to one point when it beat Clydebank 5-0. Celtic lost 3-2 at Dundee United.

Zurbriggen wins Garmisch downhill

GARMISCH-PARTENKIRCH-EN, West: Germany (AP) Pirmin Zurbriggen of Switzerland won a men's downhill Saturday and took the lead in overall World Cup ski

the top-ranked group of 15 downhill racers, mastered the fresh snow on the 3,320-metre long Kandahar course in one minute, 50.33 seconds to record his third downhill victory this

Michael Mair of Italy placed second in 1:50.59, his second runner-up finish in a downhill this season.

Swiss veteran Peter Mueller Germany finished fourth in

standings.

The Swiss ace, starting outside

took third place in 1:50.83, while Markus Wasmeier of West 1:51:82.

Controversy surrounds draw for world table tennis championship

Domiat.

NEW DELHI, India (AP) - The International Table Tennis Federation included Israel Saturday in the draw for the 39th World Table Tennis Championship, but host India was unlikely to permit Israeli participation.

Federation President Roy Evans of England admitted that there were problems over Israel's participation in the 11-day tournament beginning Feb. 18 in New Delhi. When we allotted the 1987

championship to India, we were assured by the Indian Table Tennis Federation that all our member countries would be allowed to participate," Evans said. "We have included Israel in the draw but things may change if the Indian government refuses permission to them."

A total of 65 countries are scheduled to participate in the championship. In the last

Sweden, in 1985, China swept the men's and women's team titles and is again the favourite for the New Delhi contest.

split in 16 leagues each. Under a new system announced by Evans, the winner of each call. the winner of each preliminary league contest will be placed in four groups of four members each: The top two teams from each group will then qualify for a play-off to decide the first eight positions in the tournament.

Jordan was placed in Group 'D" for the men's division, along with Japan, Canada and Wales. In the women's division, Jordan was placed in Group 'S" with Yugoslavia, Belgium and

Defending champion China has been placed with Switzerland, Scotland, Peru and Iraq in men's preliminary league "A". Sweden,

tournament at Gothenberg, the runnerup in 1985, will clash with Bulgaria, Indonesia and Syria in preliminary league "B."

Israel has been placed in men's New Delhi contest. league "J" with South Korea, In the draw Saturday, the men's Luxembourg and Venezuela. In Czechoslovakia in league "H."
According to the classification

lists released by the federation Saturday, Chinese players have been seeded in the top four men's placings. In the women's list, China has comed the five top seedings.

Jian Jialing has been fisted as the top men's seed, while the women's honour goes to Geng Li

If Israel is barred from the New Delhi contest, it will not be the first time that it has been kept out of a World Table Tennis Championship. North Korea in 1979 refused permission to Israel to participate in the Pyongyang tournament.

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Cuba wins in women's volleyball

LONDON (AP) - World silver medallist Cuba posted an emphatic 3-0 victory over East Germany Friday to win an International Women's Volleyball Tournament at the Alexandra Pavilion. The Cuban team, which almost arrived in Britain too late to play in the tournament, swept the Europeans, world ranked no. 4, aside 15-10, 15-5, 15-4 in the final of the four-nation event.

Spanish goalie fights for life

MALAGA, Spain (R) - Malaga Goalkeeper Jose Gallardo was fighting for his life in a local hospital as a result of a clash during a Spanish Second Division soccer match last month, a club spokesman said. He said Gallardo needed an emergency operation Wednesday after suffering a brain haemorrhage and was still in a coma. The 25-year-old goalkeeper was carried off after an accidental clash with Brazilian striker Baltazar Morais, the Second Division's leading scorer, during a match between Malaga and Celta on Dec. 21. He was taken to hospital in Vigo and transferred to a Malaga clinic two days later. Doctors there allowed him to return home, where he had been recovering well until Wednesday.

Swiss Gafner wins downhill

SCHWARZENBERG, Austria (AP) — Beatrice Gafner of Switzerland beat compatriot Maria Walliser Saturday to win the season's third women's World Cup downhill race. Third was Sieglinde Winkler of Austria. Gafner, 22, covered the winner. Walliser posted 2:09.14 ahead of Winkler whose time was

Brewery to increase yachting sponsorship

LONDON (R) - Whitbread, the British drinks firm, announced its biggest-ever sponsorship deal for the next round-the-World Yacht Race, the fifth in the competition. The company said on Saturday it would put up £4 million (\$5.9 million) for the race due to start in September 1989 from the solent off Hampshire in southern England. This more than quadruples Whitbread's previous biggest sponsorship for what it regards as "the world classic in the ocean racing calendar." ___.

Striker Zeid voted Egypt's top player

CAIRO (R) - A poll of more than 100 sports writers and commentators made international striker Taher Abu Zeid Egypt's 1986 footballer of the year. Publishing the results of its annual poll, the newspaper Al Messa said Abu Zeid, who plays for Cairo's National club, received 40 of 103 votes. Striker Gamal Abdul Hamid of National's arch-rival Zamalek was runner-up with 34 votes. Abu Zeid, 25, made his debut in international soccer in the 1981 youth World Cup in Australia. He was top scorer in the 1984 African nations' finals in Ivory Coast in which Egypt, who started as favourites, finished a dismal fourth.

Australia IV is assured of defender final berth

series of the defender selection

trials irrespective of the result and

consideration by the protest

committee," the Royal Perth

six points to Kookaburra III when

collision between the two yacht's

in Wednesday's last semifinal

standings over three months of

racing with 83 points against Australia IV's 77 and Kookaburra

The Perth-based millionaire

syndicate heads have injected a

total of 20 million Australian

dollars (\$12 million) into

Australia's first defence of the

The defender trials have been

marred by more than 40 protests

and the Parry Syndicate's tough

campaigning to put both its yachts in the final angered many Bond

Radio stations were receiving

calls before Saturday's meeting demanding that Australia IV be

allowed to sail in the final. In

Fremantle, some Parry followers

were reported to have handed in their syndicate T-shirts and

supporters' badges.
The winner of the defender final

America's Cup starting on Jan. 31.

New Zealand and Stars and Stripes begin their best-of-seven

challenger final on Tuesday.

II on 70.

135-year-old cup.

supporters.

Kookaburra III has topped the

On Thursday, Australia IV lost

Yacht Club statement said.

FREMANTLE, Australia (R) - III will race each other in the final Australia IV's place in the defenders final of the America's Cup was assured Saturday when the two defending Australian syndicates resolved a row over a crucial protest.

The Royal Perth Yacht Club ard in a statement that Australia IV and Kookaburra III would race in the best-of-nine final starting on Wednesday regardless of whether a jury decided to reopen a protest which could have put

Australia IV's place in doubt.

It said the club and syndicate chiefs Alan Bond of Australia IV and Kevin Parry of Kookaburra III had agreed in a meeting that total cooperation was paramount to the defence of the cup, which Bond won for Australia for the

first time in 1983. Australia IV's place in the final hung in the balance Friday night when an international yachting jury adjourned a meeting on whether to reopen a protest by Kookaburra II, the other yacht in

the Parry Syndicate.

If the jury had decided to reopen the protest and ruled in the Kookaburra's favour, the final would have been an all-Kookaburra affair.

Kookaburra II wanted the jury to rehear a protest it rejected earlier this week over the methods Australia IV used to fly an unusual balloon-like headsail in their semifinal race on Tuesday. Australia IV and Kookaburra

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Mecir meets Schapers in NZ final

AUCKLAND (R) - Top seed Milosiav Mecir, the Czechoslovakian ranked 9th in the world, will meet Dutchman Michiel Schapers in Sunday's singles final of the New Zealand Tennis Grand Prix.

Mecir won his semi-final against American Derrick Rostagno Saturday 6-2, 6-1. Schapers had a tougher battle in getting past Australian Carl Limberger 2-6. 6-3, 6-4 in the other semi-final.

On Saturday's performances, the final looks nothing but a mere formality for Mecir, who displayed all his deceptive skills in crushing Rostagno in just 55 Rostagno admitted to feeling a

little tired after his marathon win over fourth-seeded Ramesh Krishnan of India in the quarter-finals Friday. He said he had planned to play an attacking game Saturday.

But too many of his big shots were astray and with so many unforced errors he was never able to put Mecir under pressure.

Mecir broke Rostagno's serve four times to win the second set and his only hiccup was a service drop to 1-5 before he broke back to win the match.

Schapers was never able to assert that sort of dominance over Limberger who was making his first appearance in a Grand Prix

Shriver, Garrison move to Sydney tennis final

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) final of the \$150,000 New South I wanted, but my game is all there. Wales Open tennis championship at White City.

Shriver took exactly an hour to down fifth seeded Maleeva, who is defeat Garrison. essentially a baseliner and lacked the aggression to trouble the tall American.

Zina Garrison, of the United States, will face Shriver in has an extreme advantage." Sunday's final of the Virginia Sims series grass court event. Garrison was extremely of a disappointing Turnbull, who

consistent in defeating 10th seeded Wendy Turnbull of pressure on the American. Australia 6-3, 6-4 in 65 minutes in the other semi.

Shriver, who was defeated by Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia in the final of last week's Brisbane tournament, showed she will be a major threat Open at Kooyong.

She served and volleyed with her customary accuracy and Maleeva had no answer to her mastery at the net.

Shriver's performance was all the more impressive in that she was hampered by a slight hamstring strain to her right leg suffered during her quarterfinal victory over Sweden's Catarina Lindqvist on Friday.

"The injury was new and I Second-seeded Pam Shriver of the didn't know how it was going to United States overpowered behave," she said. "It was a Manuela Maleeva of Bulgaria 6-3, tougher match than I at first 6-3 Saturday to advance to the thought. I missed more shots than

"I'll just have to raise the level in the final and I think I can do it." Maleeva tipped Shriver to

"Pam is so tall she can reach all

the volleys," she said. "When a serve-and-volleyer is that tall it is hard to defeat her on grass. She Garrison qualified for the sixth final of her career at the expense

was never able to put sustained Garrison made only one final last year, losing to doubles partner Lori McNeil at Tampa in September, and was delighted to start the New Year on a better

Tumbull threatened briefly. in next week's Ford Australian rallying from 2-4 to 4-4 in the second set, but Garrison was unperturbed.

"She took advantage of a couple of weaker shots, but I just kept to my strategy," said

Milwankee Bucks.

"I've come to the net more in this tournament than I did the whole of last year," she joked. Garrison said she was glad to put a disappointing 1986 behind

Portland downs New Jersey in OT

EAST RUTHERFORD, New Jersey (AP) — Steve Johnson scored 29 points and Clyde Drexler added 21, including six in overtime, to boost the Portland Trail Blazers to a 127-120 NBA victory over the New Jersey Nets.

Portland's victory Friday halted a six-game Nets home winning

With 2:39 left in regulation, Portland led 112-105 after two Johnson free throws. But the Nets forced the game into overtime when Leon Wood scored seven of his 16 points, including a rebound of his own miss at the four-second mark that tied it at 114. In the extra period, New Jersey took a quick 118-116 lead, but

Drexier scored four points to make it 120-118 for Portland. Kiki Vandeweghe added two free throws to give the Trailblazers a 122-118 edge.

Woolridge led the Nets with 30 points and Kevin McKenna added

. Celtics 109, Kings 99 In Boston, Robert Parish scored 28 points and grabbed 25 rebounds as the Boston Celtics rolled to their seventh consecutive victory, 109-99 over the

Sacramento Kings. Kevin McHale, going over 20 points for the 31st time in 32 games, added 26 as the Celtics hiked their Boston Garden record to 14-1.

Boston star Larry Bird was sidelined for a second consecutive game with a bad back.

Boston guards Danny Ainge and Dennis Johnson scored 13 points, while Fred Roberts, replacing Bird in the starting lineup, had 10.

Sacramento was led by Brook Steppe with 22 points. Otis Thorpe had 20 and Eddie Johnson

Pistons 131, Clippers 123 In Pontiac, Adrian Dantley's 27 points led six Pistons in double figures as Detroit handed the Los Angeles Clippers their 15th consecutive deteat, 131-123. Dantley, who hit his first 11

shots from the field, scored 11 points in the critical third quarter when Los Angeles challenged but couldn't overcome — a slim Detroit lead.

will meet either New Zealand or Stars and Stripes in the best-of-seven final of the Isiah Thomas added 20 points for Detroit and Bill Laimbeer and Joe Dumars had 19 apiece. Mike Woodson led the Clippers with 26, while Damell Valentine had 17. Knicks 94, 76ers 84

In Philadelphia, Patrick Ewing scored 26 points and Bill Cartwright added 22 as the New York Knicks defeated the Philadelphia 76ers 94-84.

It was the Knicks' first victory at the Bullets overcame a 24-point the Spectrum since Dec. 16, 1981, having lost 15 straight games in Philadelphia, including two NBA playoff contests. New York also had dropped eight straight games to the 76ers.

The victory was the Knicks' sixth in their last eight games, while the Sixers, held to their lowest point total of the season, had a four-game winning streak snapped.

With the Knicks leading 72-59 with 11:07 left to play, Philadelphia scored seven straight points. But New York retaliated with six consecutive points, Louis Orr's basket at 7:35 giving the Knicks a 78-66 advantage. A jumper by Rory Sparrow with 1:46 to play gave New York its biggest lead of the game, 93-76.

Gerald Wilkins added 14 points and Treat Tucker 12 for New. York, while Charles Barkley and Julius Erving each had 19 for Philadelphia.

Nuggets 116, Mavericks 113 In Dallas, Danny Schayes' layup with 1:19 to play and Mike Evans' two free throws a minute later lifted the Denver Nuggets over the Dallas Mavericks

The game ended in controversy when referee Bill Saar called an offensive foul on Mavericks guard Derek Harper with three seconds to play, negating Harper's three-pointer that would have tied

the game at 116. Alex English led the Nuggets with 26 points. Mike Evans and Schayes added 19 each.

Mark Aguirre led Dallas with 33 points and Harper had a career-high 29. Bullets 100, Bucks 92

In Milwaukee, John Williams despite 25 points from Walter led Washington with 21 points as Davis and 20 from Ed Pinckney.

deficit in the second half for a 100-92 victory over the

The Bullets grabbed their first

lead of the game at 79-77 on a

rebound basket and free throw by

Williams. After Jack Sikma's two free throws gave Milwaukee an 80-79 lead with 8:13 left, the Bullets scored eight points in the next three minutes, including three long jump shots by reserve guard Darwin Cook, to lead

Milwaukee pulled within 88-86 with 5:13 remaining on a Jerry Reynolds basket, but could come no closer.

Terry Cummings led the Bucks with 28 points, while Moses Malone had 18 for Washington. Spurs 115, Suns 100

In Phoenix, Arizona, Alvin Robertson scored 12 of his 25 -points in the fourth quarter while rookie Walter Berry had 11 of his NBA career-high 20 in the same period as the San Antonio Spurs snapped their 11-game road losing streak, with a 115-100 victory over the Phoenix Suns.

Robertson, the only Spur to score in double figures in every game this season, had only three points at halftime. But his layup with 3:46 left in the second period put San Antonio ahead to stay at 48-46.

Phoenix cut the gap to 88-84 on rookie Jeff Homacek's jumper with 9:17 to go in the game before Robertson and Berry keyed a 20-8 run for a 108-93 lead with 3:01 left.

The Suns never got closer than 10 from there, losing for the fifth time in the last seven games

Small, Jones heroesin final Ashes test

SYDNEY (R) — An unbeaten Jones had several close calls century by Dean Jones saved Saturday, none more so than when England attack spearheaded by Gladstone Small on the first day of Sydney Cricket Ground Saturday. At close of play, Australia was 236 for seven with Jones on 119 after batting for 339 minutes in the humidity and hot sun.

Most of those wickets fell to Small, who grabbed five for 63 to more than 50 in the series. match his haul in the first innings which England won to clinch the Ashes series 2-0.

Australia from another he was on five, with Australia 27 embarrassment against an for one. The whole England side went up on the second ball of Small's sixth over for a catch the fifth and final Ashes test at the behind by Jack Richards but the appeal was rejected. Joues' first test century against England, which took 278 minutes

with seven fours from 215 balls.

followed a 93 in the third test in

Adelaide and three other scores of Australian skipper Allan of the fourth test in Melbourne. Border won the toss in a game vital for his peace of mind as captain and his future leadership. and elected to bat on the straw

coloured wicket. But his new opening partnership failed. Greg Ritchie, linking with regular opener Geoff Marsh, was lbw for six after only 20 minutes of play.

Marsh went for 24, snapped up

at first slip by captain Mike Gatting off Small and Australia was 58 for two. But a 91-run third wicket stand between Border and Jones in 137 minutes stopped the

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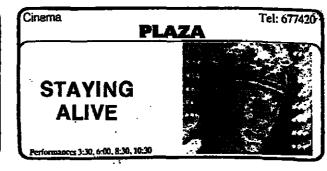


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Inal

Officials consider reshuffling European currency values

BRUSSELS (R) — European last chance of wringing community (EC) monetary officials met Saturday to prepare before general elections there on for tough bargaining by their finance ministers Sunday on major changes in the European Monetary System (EMS), strained by almost a month of turbulence in foreign exchange markets.

The West German mark has been soaring and the French franc depressed by heavy speculation triggered by a massive shift from the U.S. dollar to the mark and labour unrest in France.

Other currencies have been drawn into the crisis, which threatened to denude the exchange reserves of central banks, said to have spent up to \$10 billion in the past week to prop up currencies within and outside the

Officials remain tightlipped about the prospects of change within the eight EMS currencies, but market operators widely expect a major Franco-German row, . with France likely to call for a unilateral revaluation of the mark as a way out of the crisis. French Finance Minister Edouard Balladur said Saturday

he saw no justification for a devaluation of the franc. The EMS system, created in 1979, is designed to keep the exchange rates among participating currencies within tight limits but this is possible only if the economic performance of the states concerned does not diverge too widely.

were called this weekend as the this was highly unlikely.

Jan. 25.

Central banks would have found it almost impossible to maintain current levels of intervention until after the elections, they added.

But the West Germans have so far rejected the French demands out of hand, saying they are not responsible for France's problems. They have consistently denied the need for a revaluation of the mark, which would make their exports more expensive.

An eventual compromise was likely to see an increase in the value of the mark and a cut in the value of the franc.

Diplomats said it was impossible to tell Saturday what the bargaining would produce but changes of four to six per cent between the strongest and weakest currencies would not be

Of the other six currencies, the Dutch guilder was virtually certain to move up with the mark and Irish punt and Danish crown to go down with the franc. The Italian lira and the Belgium/Luxembourg francs were unlikely to see much

Luxembourg Finance Minister Jacques Poos told Reuters a reshuffle of the currencies could in theory be agreed by the EC's monetary committee of senior finance ministry and central bank Diplomats said the meetings officials Saturday, but he thought

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JAN. 11, 1987 GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a Sunday when

it is necessary to sidestep what seems to be pressuring you. Refuse to become involved in situations in which you are rebelliops.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Be most careful in mo-

tion today. Use caution in communications. Hidden tape recorders could be dangerous.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) This is not a good day for settling any dusiness or property affairs since new conditions may arise.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You are unhappy and want to make changes in your personal affairs. This MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) You feel

limited and want to do something drastic, but handle the matter intelligently. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Some of your friends could be annoying to you today, so turn to others who are pos-

ed. Keep out of trouble.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Be diplomatic in

handling outside affairs to avoid disappointment. Get LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You want to add to your

present activities now, so study them well without taking any action as yet. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Think hard before making changes in the promises you have already made, even

though you may be nervous. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be sure to steer clear of associates who are apt to be in a recalcitrant

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You feel you have to handle those little tasks ahead of you, but it would

be wise to rest and wait. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) If you are upset about something, go out for recreation. Show your mate you can remain poised.

roes

TOAY

PISCES (Reb. 20 to Mar. 20) Not a good day to invite guests in, so postpone this for a better time. Meditation can be helpful.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be prone to nervousness. It will seem that this one never finishes what is started, so teach the importance of being thorough and steadfast. One who would do well in sales work, so slant the education along such lines for the greatest possible success.

THE Daily Crossword by Virginia L Yeles ACROSS 1 Like TV shore 6 Rues, see 10 Stent 14 "Thele" or "Toscs" 15 in the buff 16 Divider's work 17 Learns about 17 Learns in 19 Regout 20 — Lanka 21 Vehicle 22 Offerings of a sort 24 Pursue stastility 27 — case 29 Equipped 32 Quali 35 Verbose 39 Ships 40 Fit of tempe 41 — Tin Tin 42 Locale 43 Move like 9 Yesterday's Puzzie Solved: VESTINA STRUCTURE SURVES. SIMEAB FEDORA PALLET LOVE SEM ATRICOVE SEM STAND NEST ROAD NEM INERTIA USES PIER VETTAROSES DIAL DRIP MAGENTAS ASTER EGO GETWISE EACO CHAROES PIKA JOHNNYAPPLESEED PRESTOM TAMEST SCREEN BUSTS 7 Valles of sor 8 Exchanger 9 Some gridde 10 Caberet 11 Imminent for une 49 More boring 52 Old Gr. city 54 Sp. peinter 56 Once called 12 To --- (exact 13 Plants 18 Rubs the 58 Some portra 59 Twisters 62 Holes or key 63 Yorkshire race) 25 Solar disk 26 Sex 28 Heavy fabrics 30 Old-time actor leans 54 — Friday (side) 55 Lode yields 57 Belog: Lat. 60 Go in haste 61 Charged ato

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market during the week starting Şaturday, Jan. 3, '87 and ending Wednesday, Jan. 7, '87. (Figures in Jordanian dinars).

Name of company Banking and financial Institutions
Industrial Development Bank
Petra Bank 1.000 2.000 2.250 1.860 1.300 2.250 1.730 1.260 Jordan Islamic Bank 1.000 Jordan Kuwait Bank 1.000 Jordan Gulf Bank/.... 5570 1.000 1.000 Cairo Amman Bank 5.000 16,600 128.000 2.500 0.680 5.000 Bank of Jordan Arab Bank
Jordan National Bank
Jordan Finance Hoose for Development 133.000 2.680 0.730 12382 1462 1.000 1.000 Islamic Investment House

Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation 1.000 1.320 I.000 I.000 1.000 1.000 0.780 0.830 National Financial Investments 0.630 National Portfolio Securities 0.610 0.930 0.920 Real Estate Financing Corporation

Al Mashrek Exchange

Bank of Jordan (New Issue) 2.000 10.000 3.100 48870 3.200 1.000 REFCO Life Insurance 0.800 0.860 1.000 1.000 Yarmouk Insurance and Reinsurance 0.950 1.000 Arabian Seas Insurance
Philadelphia Insurance
Arab Union International Insurance 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.260 Jerusalem Insurance
Petra Jordan Insurance 1.360 1.000 1.000 108 0.780 0.720 lordan-Gulf Insurance Universal Insurance 1.000 1.000 Jordan Eagle Insurance 10.000 60.000 Middle East Insurance 99000 60.000 10.000 Al-Izdihar Insurance Darco for Housing and Investment 0.570 0.570 1.000 Real Estate Investment (Aqarco) 1.000 Management and Consultancy Arab Development and Investment 0.670 0.660 0.930 1.460 0.740 1.000 1.000 1.000 0.660 0.940 1.580 Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments
Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jeerco
Jordanian Electric Power 1.000 Irbid District Electricity 1.000 Arab International Hotels 1.000 Jordan National Shipping Lines

Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing 0.890 5679 0.920 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 3019 1.140 1.970 1.230 2.040 1.000 1.000 1.000 3894 1.310 1.320 92530 152932 0.910 1.260 4.300 0.830 1.160 4.450 Aladdin Industries 100890 Arab Aluminium Manufacturing 126350 1.000 1.000 Jordan Worsted Mills Jordan Ceramics
Chemical Industries
Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO) 1.000 1.000 110 0.940 1.020 0.450 1.300 1.730 1.000 1.000 Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment National Steel Industries
Universal Chemical Industries 1.000 General Mining
Tordan Petroleum Refinery
Jordan Lime & Brick 1.000 6.700 0.240 0.700 0.280 5.000 1.000

Gulf Arab oil ministers reaffirm OPEC decisions

RIYADH (Agencies) - Oil ministers of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council reaffirmed their commitment to OPEC decisions during a brief. extraordinary meeting Saturday, United Arab Emirates (UAE) Oil Minister Mana Said Al Oteiba

He gave no indication what had prompted the sudden oil settled 12 cents to 21 cents convening of the meeting, less than a week after oil officials had said there would be no need for such talks.

Dr. Oteiba chaired the meeting, which lasted less than two hours. and unleaded gasoline was .65 He said in his concluding remarks to the delegates: "The GCC countries are keen to coordinate their oil policies through OPEC, and they are keen

to implement all OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) decisions." He said the GCC countries -Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, UAE, Qatar, Oman and Bahrain want to be the model of commitment for all producers

inside and outside OPEC. All but Bahrain and Oman are OPEC members.

"We have spent the day discussing oil matters of concern to our countries and to all producing countries, with special reference to what has happened in the OPEC meeting in Geneva ...and the positive response of the market..." Dr. Oteiba said.

"We see prices now reaching \$18 a barrel, which we regard as a

new year gift for our people."
Oil sources had said it was likely the ministers would discuss Iranian attacks on oil tankers, especially those serving Kuwait. but Dr. Oteiba did not mention this in the presence of reporters.

Prices strengthen

Meanwhile, energy futures had another strong session Friday on the continuing positive tone created by the OPEC accord last month.

Crude oil has gained \$2.50 a barrel in the three weeks since OPEC agreed to cut production by 7.6 per cent.

Part of Friday's incentive came from a report that Nigeria had told some of its producers to cut their output by five per cent to nine per cent, said Mr. Peter Beutel, an analyst in New York with Elders Futures Inc. brokerage firm.

But most of the strength, he said, came from a bandwagon psychology. "Anybody who hasn't been on.

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1.250

0.390

0.600

1.600

10.500

0.850

1.460

0.390

1.770

11.500

0.790

1.380

West Texas Intermediate crude higher in the various monthly deliveries, with February at \$18.77 a barrel; heating oil was 0.86 cent to 1.19 cents higher with February at 53.01 cents a gallon: cent to 1.19 cents higher with

February at 51.87 cents a gallon. (There are 42 gallons in a barrel, and one gallon equals 3.8

OAPEC calls for flexibility in new exploration contracts

On the other hand, the current investment climate calls for "flexibility and simplicity" in drawing up new contracts with oil companies for exploration in developing countries, says an editorial in the Bulletin.a monthly publication of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC).

It recommends that new provisions should be included "as regards the stage before oil is discovered in commercial quantities" on such aspects as signature bonuses and the length of relinquishment periods."

After comercial discoveries, it according to the quantities produced, on condition that a formula is worked out to protect the contract from sharp price fluctuations, the leading article

This does not mean we should return to the old concession agreements, nor does it mean that we should draw up long-term contracts based merely on economic scenarios and arithmetical assumptions." OAPEC noted.

"Reasonable flexibility in contracts should provide oil companies with sufficient investment incentive to prospect in developing countries with as yet terms written into the contract's long-term nature of exploration

added. many years, oil exporting the Bulletin.

countries have asked international oil companies to renegotiate concession agreements signed with them by incorporating the principle of changing economic circumstances.

It notes that while in some cases "positive results" have been achieved through bilateral and multilateral negotiations "under the umbrella of OPEC", the companies have refused to recognise the principle of changing circumstances despite its admissibility in all modern legislation.

The companies have always insisted that the contracts should be considered binding and adhered to in full until their expiry. However, the recent drop in oil prices is expected to have a direct impact on the conclusion of new agreements, especially in areas where geological conditions are such that large-scale production is not expected in the near future

As a result of the oil price drop, argues the OAPEC Bulletin. transnational oil companies have started recently to change their attitude towards the principle of changing economic circumstances and have begun to adopt it in their contractual relations with developing countries.

The journal states that the changed attitude of the transnationals has manifested itself in two ways. They have avoided entering into contracts similar to those signed before the oil price drop with countries which should be possible to link the have proven hydrocarbon profit margins on a rising scale reserves and commercial production, such as traditional Middle East producers.

The companies have also started objecting to the use of oil formats in new agreements. In addition, they have begun to exercise pressure on the host countries to renegotiate some of the financial provisions in existing contracts, as seen recently in Tunisia and Egypt.
We do not deny the

admissibility of the principle of changing economic circumstances in long-term contracts... we believe that the principle can be adopted without jeopardising the binding nature of the contract. However, we would qualify our unexplored areas. I could be acceptance by saying that the incorporated in self-adjusting principle should only be applied in extremely limited cases where clauses... to conform with the unfavourable... and adverse geological conditions exist. It and production costs." OAPEC should not be applied as a rule of thumb regardless of an area's The editorial recalls that for location and potential," concludes

is jumping on," he said. Brazilian interest rates soar

SAO PAULO (R) — Brazilian interest rates surged 150 percentage points last week and share prices dropped amid growing economic and political uncertainty, economic analysts

said Friday.

Interest rates are at their highest level since the government introduced its Cruzado plan price freeze 11 months ago in an unsuccessful attempt to stem

Bankers said the yields on

deposit climbed to 370 per cent Friday after starting the week at 220 per cent.

"They are going to keep on going up — there is no doubt about it," said a banker in Rio De Janeiro." Inflation is at a very high

Running alongside uncertainty over the economy is growing political uncertainty. There has been widespread speculation in the Brazilian press that Finance

short-term bank certificates of Minister Dilson Funaro will resign

Mr. Funaro was the main architect of the government's anti-inflation drive, which for a while brought price stability but is now looking ragged.

The failure of the anti-inflation drive has left Mr. Funaro in a very weak political position. He tried to resign last November after price riots in Brasilia, but President Jose Samey asked him to stay on.

Peanuts



National Industries
Arab Paper Converting and Trading
Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)

Livestock and Poultry

Jordan Pipes Manufacturing
Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags

Jordan Paper and Cardboard

Jordan Himeh Mineral

Jordan Tanning

Jordan Printing and Packaging

Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette

Jordan Brewery

National Cable & Wire Manufacturing

Jordan Spinning & Weaving Jordan Industrial Investment Corporation

Jordan Sulpho Chemicals

Orient Dry Batteries Factory

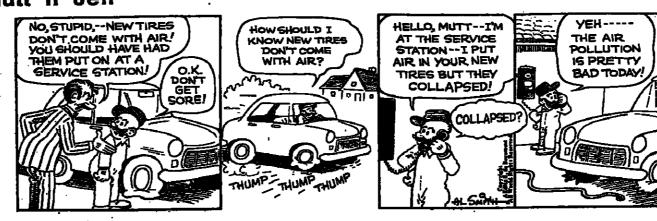
Woolen Industries







Mutt 'n' Jeff



10995

288

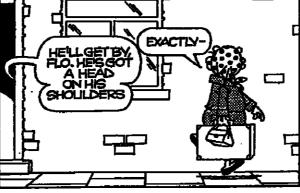
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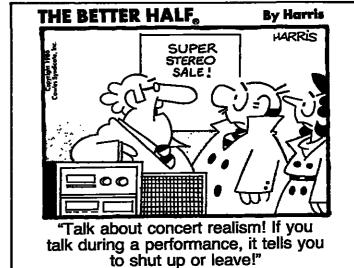
29350

Andy Capp









THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. BUIME SHUBY RATROM ANOTHER NAME FOR A PIRATE SHIP. TUGELL Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: LILAC HASTY TRICKY STYMIE Answer: What they agreed to when they organized the card game on the plane—THE SKY'S THE LIMIT

Ortega suspends part of newly signed constitution

MANAGUA (Agencies) — President Daniel Ortega has signed Nicaragua's new constitution into law, but suspended part of it shortly afterwards.

A government statement was now greater than ever. broadcast on state radio said at least 10 articles were suspended by presidential decree, Friday, including the right to demonstrate and strike and freedom of information.

The suspensions announced three hours after Mr. Ortega signed the constitution at a public ceremony before a crowd of several thousand but said an existing state of emergency would not be lifted.

Legal experts said that technically, the state of emergency, severely curbing civil rights, was longer in force because the constitution was now the law.

"We must maintain the state of emergency, not because it is our wish ... but to preserve the security of the country," Mr. Ortega said at the ceremony, which was attended by Peruvian President Alan Garcia.

Mr. Ortega said the emergency state, originally introduced in 1982, would be lifted only when the United States stopped funding the "contra" rebels fighting to topple the Sandinista government.

Mr. Garcia, who at 38 is Latin America's youngest leader, said Peru's solidarity with Nicaragua

"Today, this country legitimises itself through the law ... through its constitution," he said, drawing

The proclamation of the constitution was marked by the biggest demonstration in Managua in a year.
Some 2,000 protestors from

various opposition groups marched through the streets to protest censorship and demand freedom for political rallies.

Demonstrators carried banners demanding freedom for political prisoners and chanted 'Communism, no, democracy. yes." Others carried placards protesting government censorship and the closure of the opposition La Prensa newspaper.

The demonstration was in open defiance of the state of emergency, which bars protests held without government permission, but police stayed in the background and the rally ended peacefully.

The constitution promises political pluralism, a mixed economy and non-alignment, and the government has described it as an example of its commitment to political pluralism.

designed to show Nicaragua was a social democracy rather than the 'Marxist dungeon" depicted by the Reagan administration.

spokeswoman dismissed it as a mask for total control of Nicaragua by the Sandinista

Social Christian Party (PSC), said he had been summoned earlier by police who told him that under emergency regulations the rally was illegal because government permission had not been obtained.

the National Assembly in November, gives Mr. Ortega the right to renew the state of emergency at the end of one year if he feels it is necessary. The old decree also was renewed

Critics had denounced the constitution as a document they said would be used as a propaganda tool to guarantee continued leftist rule.

New 'energy city' to be built near Chernobyl

authorities plan to build a new "energy city" near Chemobyl, which was evacuated due to high radiation levels after last year's nuclear accident, the Communist Party newspaper Pravda said

Pravdasaid Vladimir Dolgikh, a junior member of the ruling politburo, discussed the construction of the city, Slavutich, at a meeting in Kiev this week with senior officials from the Ukraine and six other Soviet republics.

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet provide permanent housing for staff of the Chernobyl nuclean power station after the explosion and fire last April 26 at the plant

130 kilometres north of Kiev. Cehrnobyl workers are currently living in temporary settlements built near the power station, which resumed nuclear energy production late last year.

At the meeting, which was also attended by Ukrainian Party leader Vladimir Shcherbitsky, Mr. Dolgikh called for high-quality work to ensure the city was built quickly and that necessary The report suggested that transport facilities were provided. Slavutich was being built to Pravda said.

NASA names veteran crew for next shuttle mission

WASHINGTON (R) - The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) has named the crew who will fly the first shuttle mission since the Challenger exploded last January with the deaths of all seven

All members of the crew have space experience, unlike the Challenger crew which included the first civilian in space, New Hampshire school teacher Christa

NASA Administrator James Fletcher told a news conference the commander of the flight scheduled for February 1988 would be Frederick Hauck, 45, who has flown two missions aboard the Challenger and the

Co-pilot in the crew, which begins training at the Johnson Space Centre in Houston next week, will be Richard Covey, 40. who flew on the Discovery two years ago.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHAHIR

Both vulnerable, South deals,

THE RIGHT SHIFT

NORTH ♣ A J·10 4 01073 WEST EAST **49852** ♥**Q974** ቁ763 ኖJ102 **♦ A 9 6 €KJ84 ±** 10 3 **♦**KJ7 SOUTH 4 K Q 7 K 8 5

4 A Q 9 6 2 The bidding: South West North East 1 NT Pass 2 4 Pass 2 Pass 3 NT Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Nine of 4

East found a pretty play to defeat South's three no trump con-tract. However, the declarer had failed to give himself the best

chance for nine tricks. North was a trifle aggressive in iumping to three no trump with 9 nd a flat hand. However, his ten of spades gave the suit so-lidity, and we do not fault him for choosing to try to end the rubber.

Declarer won the opening spade lead in hand, then overtook his remaining spade honor with the ace. He successfully finessed the queen of clubs, cashed the ace and set up two long cards in the suit by conceding a trick to East.

A diamond shift was obvious, and the defender found the perfect card to lead-the jack! Declarer covered. West won the ace and returned the nine, surrounding dummy's ten in the process. The defenders collected four diamonds

and a club for down one.

To make his contract, declarer nceded three club tricks. Obviously East was the danger hand, so South should have planned to try to keep him off lead. After winning the second spade on the table, declarer should have led a club and inserted the nine when East played low. West cannot profitably attack diamonds. Declarer can still get back to the board with the ace of hearts to cash his two spade tricks and lead another club to the

Remember the card combination in the club suit. It crops up frequently in several disguises and you should know how to handle it.

TODAY...._ THE GRAND OPENING OF HOT CHICKEN RESTAURANT

We offer lunch and dinner Indian and Chinese dishes and a daily American-style breakfast

We would like to draw to the attention of our clients that our coffee shop is open daily from 4 to 6:30 p.m. Our chefs are skilful and experienced in preparing exquisite dishes

HOT CHICKEN RESTAURANT is located in Shmeisani, behind Haya Arts Centre - Kailani and Badran Building Tel: 660927

We are open from 7 a.m. until midnight - all days of the

reportedly refuse to join But a State Department protests PEKING (R) — China said Saturday factory workers had

Chinese

workers

freedom" which it says the students advocated. Western

diplomats reported that a

university professor linked to the

unrest had been expelled from the

The diplomats said the party

had expelled Fang Lizhi, vice-president of the China

University of Science and

Technology in Hefei, scene of the

The official workers daily

quoted top trade union official

Luo Gan as saying workers at

some factories had firmly resisted

attempts by "people with bad motives" to make trouble.

Mr. Luo, vice-president of the

All-China Federation of Trade

Unions, said all factories would

heighten vigilance against anvone

who attempted such action again.

resist capitalist freedom, the term

the official press uses to describe

The newspaper Wen Hui Bao

said in an editorial that resisting

capitalist freedom and upholding

socialism and the rule of the

Communist Party was extremely

It quoted 1981 remarks by

Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping

that without the party the country

would descend into chaos and

The paper said that recently a

few prominent people had

advocated capitalist freedom.

They gave lectures, published

articles, called for Westernisation,

smeared socialism and the

Communist Party and demanded

It did not name the figures but

Western diplomats said some

party members had been expelled

because the party believed they

had encouraged students to take

They included Mr. Fang, the

A spokeswoman for Mr. Fang's

university told Reuters Saturday

by telephone that he was now in

Peking, not Hehei, but he was still

vice-principal and allowed to

She declined to comment on

whether he had been expelled

Prison released the last of three

guards they had been holding

hostage late Friday, swapping the

hostage for hot food provided by

prison authorities, the Scottish

The government Department

responsible for running Scotland's

prisons said that shortly after

40-year-old John Kearney was

The officials said that of 52

patients with LAS given 800

milligrammes of Ribavirin a day.

monitoring the trials had found

the drug to be "well tolerated and

seek approval from the

government within the next two

weeks to distribute Ribavirin at no

cost to people with LAS while the

drug undergoes further testing

John Norris, deputy

commissioner of the Federal Food

and Drug Administration, said

would be given the agency's

highest priority and could be

approved in a matter of weeks.

don't have a firm fix on it yet -

but we'll have so mething to say on

it in a few weeks," Mr. Norris told

"It's early in the analysis - we

Officials said ICN planned to

without significant side effects."

none developed AIDS.

the disease.

AIDS," ICN said.

and evaluation.

Reuters.

change in the party.

to the streets

diplomats said.

teach students.

from the party.

Office reported.

student demands.

important.

disintegrate.

He called on all workers to

Communist Party.

first student protest.

resisted attempts to make them join the month-long wave of Erick Ramirez, president of the protests by students calling for more democracy. As the press continued a war of words against "capitalist

The constitution, approved by periodically.

But Carlos Nunez, president of the National Assembly and one of nine commanders of the ruling Sandinista National Liberation Front said the constitution "buries the pretexts of our enemies, who try to cast illegitimacy on the revolutionary

Two contra groups move towards unification

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica (AP) The two most influential Nicaraguan rebel groups signed a joint declaration of principles opposing the Sandinista government. They called it a step

toward unification. Leaders of the United Nicaraguan Opposition, an umbrella organisation known as UNO, and the soouthern opposition bloc, an independent political group known as BOS. signed the document in Miami.

The declaration also was ratified by delegates to UNO's general membership Assembly. ending a two-day, closed-door meeting in San Jose. The meeting was called to discuss internal matters, according to spokesman Orion Pastora.

Pastora said further details of the agreement would be announced on Monday during a news conference here by Alfonso Robelo, one of the three main UNO leaders.

Leonardo Somarriba, UNO's Miami-based coordinator, said in a telephone interview from there that the agreement on principles "is a positive step"toward unification of the two organisations.

UNO covers more than a dozen exiled business, labour and political groups. Among its members is the Nicaraguan Democratic Front, or FDN, the largest contra combat group, which claims a fighting force of about 15,000 men.

BOS was formed two years ago as the political front for the Democratic Revolutionary Alliance, or ARDE, then headed by Eden Pastora. Pastora laid down his arms, disbanded ARDE and took political asylum in Costa Rica last May.

freed, four of the 15 prisoners who Lindsay said the protesting had been holding him prisoners had been told that if they surrendered. Scottish Office spokesman guaranteed access to their Craig Lindsay said negotiations relatives and to lawyers and given

Britain's toughest prisons.

Sikh terrorists kill

CHANDIGARH, India (AP) -

Sikh extremists gunned down the

top Punjab prison administrator

Saturday at his house in this

capital city, police said.

T.C. Katoch, a Hindu who

served as police inspector of

prison rules, was the highest

ranking police official to be killed

in the four-year terror campaign

by Sikh extremists in troubled

Katoch reportedly was on a Sikh extremists "hit list," but did

not have any security guards with

The assailants rang Katoch's

door bell and when he answered it

fired three bullets at point-blank

range, killing him instantly, police

home from shopping, was due to

Katoch, who had just returned

He was the top administrative

officer for prisons in Punjab, of

which Chandigarh is the state

capital. He had been shifted to the

post from direct supervision of

prisons in 1985 under pressure

from Sikh politicians who alleged

Philippine President Ferdinand

Marcos and his wife, Imelda, have

been subpoenaed in a federal

in U.S.-financed military sales

during the Marcos regime,

The Washington Post said in

Saturday editions that Marcos is

expected to testify, possibly later

this month, before a federal grand jury in Alexandria, Virginia. The

newspaper, quoting informed sources, said Marcos was

tentatively scheduled to go before

the panel on Jan. 22 but has asked

The appearances would mark

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia

(AP) — Commandos stormed a

room in Kuantan Prison Saturday

and freed a woman magistrate

being held hostage by three Indonesian inmates facing murder

Two of the inmates were killed,

according to Zaman Khan.

director of internal security and

At least twenty shots were

heard and two ambulances were

GLASGOW, Scotland (AP) - authorities and the 11 prisoners examinations to ensure they were

Lindsay said Kearney was freed

reported, quoting police sources. Yahya hostage

seen leaving the compound, the

for a postponement.

charges, police said.

Scottish prisoners free last hostage

by force.

public order.

according to a published report.

investigation of alleged kickbacks States.

his treatment of Sikh youth in since 1983.

Marcoses subpoenaed

in U.S. kickback probe

the first time either of the during the Marcos regime.

Malaysian troops rescue

magistrate, kill 2 captors

WASHINGTON (AP) - Former Marcoses have been questioned in

said. The gunmen escaped.

Punjab.

Punjab prison chief

detention was harsh.

Sikh state.

militants.

stands at 24.

Sikh militants have targeted

security officials, their children

and police informers in their

bloody campaign for a separate

Punjab Police Chief Julius

Ribeiro escaped an assassination

attempt last Öctober in Puniab by

Sikh gunmen who entered a police

camp Ribeiro was visiting with his

In August, retired Army Chief of Staff A.S. Vaidya was shot to

death in western India by Sikh

More than 700 people, mainly

Hindus and moderate Sikhs, were

killed in hit-and-run attacks in

Including Katoch, the death toll

in terrorist violence this year

Sikhs, who make up just 2 per cent of India's 780 million

population, claim they are

discriminated against in the

Hindu-dominated country.

Militant Sikhs have been fighting

for an independent homeland

a criminal investigation since

fleeing the Philippines last

February for asylum in the United

The grand jury is trying to determine whether there were

illegal commissions or fraudulent

overcharges on more than \$100

million worth of contracts to the

Philippines, including the

possibility of kickbacks paid to

associates.

the Marcos family and its

Federal grand juries in

Mr. Zaman said the magistrate,

Earlier, Zaman said the

commandos would be used if

negotiations at the prison, 200 kilometres east of here, broke

Zaman said inmates Agoes

Salim Haji Ahmad and Ahmad

Sulaiman were killed during the

assault, and Ahmad Mohammad

All three were facing murder

Nor was seriously wounded.

identified as Mrs. Mariana Yahya,

was safely rescued.

Pittsburgh and San Francisco also

have been investigating alleged bribes and misuse of U.S. aid

surrendered they would be were continuing between prison independent medical

Barlinnie is reputedly one of

shortly before midnight (0000 GMT) in exchange for the food after prison authorities promised immediately. they would not try to end the siege by the protesting prisoners

In mates protesting alleged remaining on the top floor of the brutality at Glasgow's Barlinnie prison's three-storey B wing. The prisoners seized three unarmed guards Tuesday. Two other guards they grabbed at the same time were freed almost

The first of the three guards to be released was freed on Thursday and second was freed earlier Friday in what the prisoners described as a token of good will. None of the three hostages had been harmed, Lindsay said.

The prisoners have been protesting alleged brutality by staff against a fellow inmate at

Experts hail drug found to stop AIDS progress

WASHINGTON (R) - Medical experts are halling as a major breakthrough a disclosure that a new U.S. drug appears to block the progression of AIDS in individuals showing early signs of the dread disease.

"If what they say holds up statistically, this is really good news for people who have been exposed to the disease and are worried about getting a full-scale case of AIDS," said Martin Delaney, co-founder of Project Inform, a San Francisco-based organisation that has been tracking AIDS research for the past three years.

"It's very exciting because it gives us another active handle on this disease," said Dr. Thomas Merigan, director of AIDS research at the Stanford University Medical Centre.

The statements came as a California drug company announced that one of its products, the anti-viral agent Ribavirin, had been found in clinical trials to block the development of AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) in a group of individuals showing one of the most common early symptoms of the disease.

Officials of ICN pharmaceuticals Inc. of Costa Mesa said the finding was based on clinical trials on 163 patients with lymphadenopathy syndrome (LAS), a condition of swollen

lymph nodes that often precedes company's findings were the development of AIDS. supported by his group's supported by his group's observations of individuals who have been obtaining the drug in Mexico, where it is already available in the open market.

"There are several hundred that Placebos were given to 56 we are in touch with, both with patients, 10 of whom developed AIDS and with ARC (AIDS-related complex, a AIDS, and 55 patients were given a 600-milligramme daily dose of Ribavirin, six of whom developed condition related to LAS that often precedes AIDS), who have been obtaining the drug in Mexico "A significant number of LAS and who have had the course of patients have, in the past, progressed to pre-AIDS or the disease stopped," he told Reuters in a telephone interview.

"In a good number of these Company officials said an people that we have observed, the independent safety committee disease has stopped progressing," he said. "It doesn't go away, but it stops getting worse."

Experts noted that not all people who develop AIDS first show signs of LAS or ARC. Some, they said, simply find they have AIDS with little or no advance warning.

apparently holds little promise, the experts said. As for individuals with ARC, also known as pre-AIDS, ICN such an application, if made, said it has not yet completed

For these individuals, the drug

additional clinical trials of the drug's effectiveness against this condition. ICN officials said there were no good estimates of the number of people suffering from LAS. "The

number has been estimated at anywhere from a million to Mr. Delaney said the drug higher," said ICN Senior Vice

President Larry Panitz.

Mr. Panitz declined to estimate the price of the drug or its market potential should it be approved for commercial sale.

AIDS experts said they were deeply troubled by one aspect of the ICN findings, the report that 10 of the 56 individuals with LAS treated with a placebo went on todevelop full-scale AIDS during the course of the clinical trials.

"That nearly 20 per cent of the people in the control group progressed to AIDS is astounding," said Dr. Jack Killen, medical director of the Whitman-Walker Clinic here. "That has scared a lot of people,

particularly since the tests covered only a 24-week period." said Mr. Delaney.
Until now, data has been

lacking on the proportion of LAS patients that will go on to develop full-scale AIDS, but it has been thought to be much smaller and to progress more slowly, experts said.

AIDS attacks the body's immune system, which wards off disease by identifying and attacking viruses and bacteria. Once the immune system is crippled, the individual's body is easy prey for disease-causing

Though invariably fatal, AIDS does not itself kill but instead allows other invaders to ravage the body by stripping away its

COLUMNS 768

Soviets to see U.S. film on nuclear war

LOS ANGELES (AP) - The Day After, an award-winning movie about the aftermath of atomic war, will be shown in the Soviet Union, an official of the U.S. ABC television Network has announced . Brandon Stoddard, president of ABC Entertainment, said the network has concluded negotiations with the Soviets, and a three-year licensing agreement starts on Feb. 1. We'd like to repeat the Day After (in the United States) on the day it plays in Russia," Stoddard said. The date has yet to be set. Stoddard said the Soviets approached ABC seeking the rights to broadcast the \$7 million, two-hour and 17 minute programme. about five weeks ago.

Gorbachev replies to Mexican boy's letter

ENSENADA, Mexico (AP) — A 14-year-old boy who wrote a letter to Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev about world peace and miclear disarmament got a reply delivered by the Soviet ambassador to Mexico. Eric Arturo Careaga de la Pascua said he had decided to write to Mr. Gorbachev "because he's a young person and I thought he would understand youth." The meeting with Ambassador Rostislav Sergueev took place in a government office in this Pacific port. Sergueev had delivered a speech in Tijuana, on the California-Mexico border, the previous night. Careaga, a ninth-grader, said he wrote to Mr. Gorbachev six weeks ago stating his concerns about world peace, poverty and spending money on nuclear bombs when there are so many people poor and starving." He wrote the letter in English, he said, thinking it would be easier to translate. He said the reply was in Spanish and included an invitation to visit the Soviet Union. The message said the Soviet government was working hard for peace and that "all of the people of the Soviet Union share your worry for the future of the world" in light of the nuclear arms race.

Soviets to get Coca-Cola soon

MOSCOW (AP) — Soviet citizens will be able to buy Coca-Cola later this year under an agreement that will also increase the production of juice and other non-alcoholic drinks, the Izvestia newspaper has reported. Izvestia said Coca-Cola would probably be on sale in Moscow. Kiev and other selected Soviet cities by May. Coca-Cola announced on Dec. 9 that it had signed a long-term trade agreement for expansion of its business in the Soviet Union. The Izvestia report was the first mention of the deal in the Soviet media. Atlanta-based Coca-Cola said the accord marks the first time Coke will be bottled in the Soviet Union and sold directly to Soviet consumers. The soft drink will join arch-rival Pepsi-Cola and another Coca-Cola product, Fanta Orange drink, on the market. Supplies of the American soft drinks, however, have traditionally been sporadic in Soviet stores. and they are priced higher than other beverages such as Kvass, a fermented drink made from grain, and flavoured soda water. Because of the lack of refrigeration facilities in the Soviet Union, soft drinks are often sold lukewarm.

Son to write book about life with Reagan

NEW YORK (AP) — President Ronald Reagan's oldest son, Michael, has met with publishers about writing a book on his relationship with his father, according to a published report. The title of the book will be "On the Outside Looking In, New York magazine reports in its issue dated Jan. 19. "You can tell from the title that he isn't happy with the relationship." Michael Reagan's literary agent, Scott Meredith, told the magazine. "There will be things his father, mother and stepmother will hear for the first time." Michael Reagan, 41, of Sherman Oaks, California, is the adopted son of Reagan and the president's first wife, actress Jane Wyman. The couple divorced. Michael Reagan talked to publishers last week, according to the magazine.

Top Asian gang leader gets 20 years

NEW YORK (AP) - A man prosecutors call a top leader of the Taiwan-based international crime ring, United Bamboo, was sentenced to 20 years in prison for racketeering, drug trafficking and other crimes. Chen Chih-Yi, also known as Yellow Bird, was one of 11 United Bamboo gang members and associates convicted last September on racketeering and drug charges. Nine of the other defendants previously were sentenced to between 15 months and 25 years. Prosecutors have said the United Bamboo has 15,000 members worldwide and engages in prostituion, illegal gambling, drug dealing, extortion and gun running. Among the crimes Chen and some of his co-defendants were accused of was the 1984 slaying of Chinese-American journalist Heavy Liu in his suburban San Franscisco home.

Lovesick moose dumps mate

MONTPELIER, Vermont (AP) — A lovesick moose that spent 76 days wooing a brown and white cow has apparently walked away from the relationship. "He looks like he's hit the road," said Donald Gallus, Vermont game warden who closely watched the hillside love affair. "It appears he is leaving, going home." The 320-kilogramme moose showed up at Larry Carrara's farm last year during mating season and took interest in Jessica the Hereford. It was last seen at the farm Wednesday night. On Thursday morning, the moose was spotted roaming a mile from the farm. It has not been spotted since. Wildlife biologists say the moose's departure was apparently triggered by the loss of his antlers Wednesday. Gallus said once a moose loses his antlers, he loses his defences, as well as sexual urges. More than 75,000 people went to Carrara's remote farm, about 290 kilometres north west of Boston, to get a glimpse of the odd couple. Those who didn't visit could hear a song called "lovesick moose" written about the pair.

Money 'grows' on trees

MELBOURNE (R) — In Australia, money grows on trees, or so one family thought when they found 100,000 dollars (\$66,000) in a shrub in their garden. The cash, neatly bound in rubber bands, was handed to police who have promised to return it to the family if no one claims it.

Grammy Award nominees announced

BEVERLY HILLS, California (AP) — Pop stars Paul Simon, Steve Winwood, Peter Gabriel, Tina Turner and Barbra Streisand lead the list of possible nominees for the 29th annual Grammy Awards. The 5,000 voting members of the National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences considered 210 albums and 211 singles eligible for the awards, and balloting was for nominations in 68 categories. The nominations were to be announced Thursday, and winners announced Feb. 24. The voting covers releases between Oct. 1, 1985, and Sept. 30, 1986, making two of the best-selling albums for 1986 ineligible: Whitney Houston, which was released in the spring of 1985, and Bruce Springsteen and the E Street Band Live, 1975-1985," released two months ago. Miss Houston, last year's winner of the Grammy for the Best Pop Female Vocalist, will have one eligible single, Greatest Love of All. Other strong contenders for Grammys include Lionel Richie, Dionne Warwick, Tina Turner, Robert Palmer, Huey Lewis and the News, Luther Vandross, Billy Ocean, Freddie Jackson, Billy Joel and Madonna.